CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



Clatsop Community College Clatsop County, Oregon

Annual Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2022



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Position 1/Zone 1

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Clatsop Community College Astoria, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Clatsop Community College, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Clatsop Community College as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Clatsop Community College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the entity adopted new Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessor to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Clatsop Community College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Clatsop Community College's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Clatsop Community College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of contributions and schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of proportionate share, employer contributions, and changes in other postemployment benefits (OPEB) total liability and related ratios for OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clatsop Community College's basic financial statements. The combining balance sheet, combining schedule of changes in fund balances, and schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance compared with budget listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the list of board members but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022 on our consideration of the Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022, on our consideration of Clatsop Community College's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations contracts, and grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* in considering Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton/arsonAllen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 28, 2022

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Introduction

This section of Clatsop Community College's (the College) annual audit presents an analysis of the financial activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes, and current known facts. This discussion has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related footnote disclosures and should be read in conjunction with them. Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The College's primary funding source is public support from local property tax supplemented by grants-in-aid received from the state of Oregon. The primary basis of state support is the calculation of student Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs). During the 2021-2022 academic year, total reported reimbursable FTEs were 866.2 as contrasted to 829.52 in the 2020-2021 academic year with the "hold harmless" factor to fall term enrollment applied to both years.
- During budget development for 2022-2023, the college prepared a budget that identified cuts in spending over \$600,000 due to the impact of decreased tuition revenue and anticipated decreases in state funding. No increase in S&S salaries also served to keep costs lower. The college engaged in campus-wide discussions to arrive at these reductions. Focused efforts on recruitment and retention have led to a slight increase in FTE for the Fall 2022 class.
- The strategic planning and expense reductions in FY20 provided fiscal sustainability with continued focus on monitoring student enrollment, annual revenue, and expenses closely for material variances from budget estimates. The 2021-2022 planning priorities included investment in student retention and support services with an increase in general fund reserves.
- During the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the College provided \$3.325 million in financial aid to students. This aid was in the form of grants, scholarships, student employment opportunities, and loans funded through the federal government, state of Oregon, and local funding as shown below.

	Amount		
Federal Work Study (including College match)	\$	102,454	
Federal SEOG		96,216	
Federal PELL Grants		971,466	
Federal Direct Student Loans		370,785	
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund - HEERF		893,300	
CCC Foundation Scholarships		366,604	
Oregon Need & Oregon Promise Grant		415,165	
Institutional Waivers and Grants		109,381	
Total Financial Aid Provided to Students	\$	3,325,371	

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the College's basic financial statements, which are comprised of entity-wide financial statements prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements including debt compliance reporting. The entity-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the College's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between those reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are indicators of the improvement or erosion of the College's financial health when considered along with nonfinancial facts such as student enrollment levels and the condition of the facilities.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the year. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, or as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing when the cash is received or disbursed. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The utilization of long-lived assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of the capital asset over the expected useful life. Revenues and expenses are reported as either operating or nonoperating, with operating revenues primarily coming from tuition, grants, and contracts. State appropriations, property taxes, and Pell grants for students are classified as nonoperating revenues.

The statement of cash flows presents information on cash flows from operating activities, noncapital financial activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities. It provides the net increase or decrease in cash between the beginning and end of the fiscal year. This statement assists in evaluating financial viability and the College's ability to meet financial obligations as they become due.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the entity-wide financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College using the accrual basis of accounting, which is like the accounting presentation used by most private colleges. Net position is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows and is one measure of the financial condition of the College.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to 2021

			Percent
400570	2022	2021	<u>Change</u>
ASSETS Current Assets Noncurrent Assets:	\$ 5,167,545	\$ 5,040,157	3%
Other Noncurrent Assets	151,277	117,176	29%
Right of Use Assets, Net of Amortization	33,131	-	100%
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	40,873,196	42,443,839	(4%)
Total Assets	\$ 46,225,149	\$ 47,601,172	(3%)
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 4,848,029	\$ 4,757,497	2%
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	\$ 4,745,340	\$ 3,448,821	38%
Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent Portion	21,027,580	27,879,315	(25%)
Total Liabilities	\$ 25,772,920	\$ 31,328,136	(18%)
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 5,833,959	\$ 800,388	629%
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 29,925,122	\$ 30,422,325	(2%)
Restricted - OPEB Asset Unrestricted	151,277 (10,610,100)	- (10,149,686)	100% 5%
Onestricted	(10,010,100)	(10,149,000)	3 /0
Total Net Position	\$ 19,466,299	\$ 20,272,639	(4%)

At June 30, 2022, the College's assets are approximately \$46.2 million. The College's current assets of \$5.2 million and the \$4.7 million in current liabilities represent a current ratio of 1.20 in comparison to 1.47 in the prior year. Cash flow borrowing was \$1.090 million. Cash and cash equivalent were up from prior year and is offset by a decrease in accounts receivable as compared to the prior year. The remaining current assets are made up of receivables from property taxes, governmental receivables and student receivables and other assets. Capital assets are \$40.9 million compared to \$42.4 million in 2021.

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources increased to \$4.848 million compared to \$4.757 million in 2021. Deferred outflows fluctuate according to the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) actuarial annual report. Deferred outflow also includes \$82,403 for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a result of the GASB 75 reporting requirement. In addition, \$321,977 of the deferred outflow represents a loss on refunding (prepaid interest) GO Bond and FFCO debt issuance.

The College's current liabilities of \$4.7 million consist primarily of payroll, various payables for operations, unearned revenues, pension bond obligations and facilities bond obligations. Noncurrent liabilities decreased to \$21.0 million compared to \$27.9 million in 2021. Noncurrent liabilities consist of long-term debt: pension bond obligations, facilities bond obligations, net pension liability, and the liability to record (OPEB) in accordance with GASB 75.

Deferred inflows of resources increased to \$5.8 million compared to \$800 thousand in 2021. Deferred inflows include PERS at \$5.7 million and OPEB (GASB 75) at \$112 thousand, respectively.

Within net position, the "Net Investment in Capital Assets" was \$29.925 million, a decrease of \$497 thousand compared to prior year. This amount represents the College's plant and equipment, less accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present the operating results of the College, as well as the nonoperating revenues and expenses. Annual state reimbursements, property taxes and Pell grants for students, while budgeted for operations, are considered nonoperating revenues according to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to 2021

	2022	2021	Percent Change
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 3,743,180	\$ 3,788,574	(1%)
Total Operating Expenses	18,807,268	18,983,121	(1%)
Operating Loss	(15,064,088)	(15,194,547)	(1%)
Nonoperating Revenues, Net	14,257,748	12,577,034	13%
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(806,340)	(2,617,513)	(69%)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	20,272,639	22,890,152	(11%)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 19,466,299	\$ 20,272,639	(4%)

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

Revenues

The most significant sources of operating revenue for the College are tuition and fees, financial aid, grants and contracts from federal, state, and other local sources. Tuition and fees include all amounts paid for educational purposes and totaled \$1.632 million, net of scholarship allowances and aid paid to students of \$843 thousand. Financial aid, grants, and contracts (not including Pell grants) totaled \$3.3 million. The auxiliary fund has been eliminated and all activities are accounted for in the general fund.

The College's major sources of nonoperating revenue are from property taxes and timber revenues (\$7.211 million), funding for operations from the State of Oregon (\$4.191 million), and Pell grants for students (\$971 thousand). Investment income of \$24 thousand consists primarily of interested earned on fund balances.

Major Clatsop County Taxpayers are Provided Below:

Fiscal Year 2022 Clatsop Community College

Taxpayer	Business/Service	Tax	Assessed Value	Percent of Value
Georgia Pacific Consumer Products	Paper Manufacturing	\$1,587,877	\$ 156,919,056	2.22%
L&C Tree Farms LLC	Forest Products	1,035,569	22,180,216	0.31%
PacifiCorp (Pacific Power)	Electrical Utility	880,521	67,334,000	0.95%
Hampton Lumber Mills Inc.	Forest Products	694,351	50,998,966	0.72%
Pacific Coast Seafood Co	Seafood Processor	676,253	20,992,190	0.30%
WorldMark The Club	Timeshare Resort	619,262	10,130,616	0.14%
Northwest Natural Gas Co.	Natural Gas Utility	577,672	43,359,700	0.61%
Charter Communication	Telecommunications	483,225	31,988,000	0.45%
Weyerhaeuser Timber Holdings Inc.	Forest Products	416,788	11,673,031	0.16%
Lumen Technologies	Telecommunications	345,766	25,010,000	0.35%
Subtotal - Ten of County's largest taxpayers		7,317,284	440,585,775	6.22%
All other County's taxpayers			6,375,160,880	93.78%
Total District			\$ 7,084,305,859	100.00%

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued) Real Market Value

Fiscal Year	M5 Real Market Value	Total Assessed Value	Urban Renewal Excess	Net Assessed Value
2022	\$11,197,660,897	\$ 7,084,305,859	\$ 162,624,955	\$ 6,922,307,084
2021	10,126,148,069	6,832,654,797	185,603,830	6,647,660,747
2020	9,514,701,054	6,535,963,525	172,665,023	6,363,891,193
2019	8,953,187,193	6,298,872,930	152,409,474	6,147,036,515
2018	8,326,584,223	6,060,813,093	135,406,434	5,925,406,659
2017	7,933,131,303	5,876,087,187	127,452,672	5,748,634,515
2016	10,313,180,487	7,782,736,040	116,124,355	7,764,064,554
2015	7,281,392,025	5,534,159,999	179,596,756	5,354,563,243
2014	7,254,191,848	5,249,149,439	171,485,547	5,077,663,892
2013	7,704,823,561	5,132,363,950	157,514,983	4,974,848,967
2012	8,128,017,096	5,006,555,416	152,080,427	4,854,474,989
2011	8,855,704,653	4,917,937,839	134,034,366	4,783,903,473

Expenses

Operating expenses totaling approximately \$18.8 million include salaries and benefits, materials and supplies, utilities, scholarships, and depreciation. The greatest percentage of expenses is instruction and instructional support (36%). Student financial aid represents (9%) which includes federal, state, and institutional aid to students to pay the costs of education. Student Services expenses (13%) provide support to students for activities that occur outside the classroom and include enrollment services, counseling, and financial aid assistance. Institutional support (21%) represents the operational aspects of the College, including the administration, business office, and computer services.

The following chart shows 2022 expenses by category and percentage change compared to 2021 for the College:

	2022		2022 2021 Actual Expense Actual Expense		Percent Change
	AC	iuai Experise	ACI	luai Expense	Change
Educational and General:					
Instruction	\$	5,007,394	\$	5,397,406	(7%)
Instructional Support		1,895,806		1,887,338	0%
Student Services		2,528,863		2,542,513	(1%)
Institutional Support		3,942,835		3,587,175	10%
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,493,037		1,452,179	3%
Auxiliary Enterprises		-		329,320	(100%)
Community Services		413,049		439,079	(6%)
Student Financial Aid		1,667,703		1,027,234	62%
Other Expense		21,705		442,380	(95%)
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		1,836,876		1,878,497	(2%)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	18,807,268	\$	18,983,121	(1%)

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

This statement provides an assessment of the financial health of the College. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of the College during a period.

The statement of cash flows also helps users assess the ability to meet obligations as they come due and the need for external financing.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to 2021

	2022	2021	Percent Change
Cash Provided (Used) by:			
Operating Activities	\$ (11,316,809)	\$ (13,331,978)	(15%)
Noncapital Financing Activities	16,711,384	14,129,166	18%
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,554,763)	(2,437,060)	5%
Investing Activities	23,976_	25,197	(5%)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,863,788	(1,614,675)	(277%)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	738,101	2,352,776	(69%)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 3,601,889	\$ 738,101	388%

Operating Activities

The major sources of funds included in operating activities include student tuition and fees, federal financial aid, and grants and contracts. Major uses were payments made to employees and suppliers, and for student financial aid and other scholarships.

Continuing Disclosure Certificates

Continuing Disclosure Certificates

Issuer	Name of Issue	Dated Date	Base CUSIP
Clatsop Community College	General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015	2/26/2015	182774
Oregon School Boards Association	Limited Tax Pension Obligations, Series 2005	6/28/2005	68583R

Noncapital Financing Activities

State FTE reimbursements and property taxes are the primary sources of noncapital financing. Accounting standards require that these sources of revenue be reported as nonoperating even though the College depends on these revenues to continue the current level of operations. Current year noncapital financing activities includes the \$1,090,000 tax anticipation note.

Capital Financing Activities

The College continued to make principal and interest payments on existing bonds during the fiscal year.

Additionally, a finance purchase agreement with Community Leasing began in FY21-22. The principal investment was \$130,784 paid over a five-year term. In FY2019-2020, there was a capital lease purchase (\$68,543) for Dell Storage technology needs. Balance at June 30, 2022 is \$33,701.

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

Investing Activities

The College earned \$24 thousand in interest on bank balances and funds invested in the long-term governmental investment pool.

Budgetary Highlights

The College adopts an annual budget at the fund level, which is under the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. The original budget was amended for the General fund, Grant & Financial Aid fund, Unexpended Plant fund and the Clubs & Organizations fund. The amendment was necessary due to unknown circumstances at the time the budgets were originally prepared. For more information, please refer to the budgetary schedules as Supplementary Information in the Financial Section of this report.

Capital Assets and Debt

The College's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, amounted to \$40.9 million, net of accumulated depreciation. Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and library books. Additional information on the College's capital assets can be found in the footnotes of the report.

The College has loans for energy improvements, PERS pension obligations and facilities bonds obligations. The total outstanding on this debt at June 30, 2022 was \$14.705 million.

Debt Capacity

ORS 341.675 establishes a parameter of general obligation bonded indebtedness for community colleges. Community Colleges may issue an aggregate principal amount up to 1.5% of the Real Market Value of all taxable properties within the district if the district's voters approve the general obligation bonds. Real Market Value for 2022 is \$11.198 billion. The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016, \$2.860 million refinanced in 2016 issue and Series 2015, for \$5.860 million outstanding debt subject to the limit. The district has 5.19% issued compared to total debt capacity.

Real Market Value (Fiscal Year 2022)	\$11,197,660,897	
Debt Capacity		
General Obligation Debt Capacity (1.50% of Real Market Value) Less: Outstanding Debt Subject to Limit Remaining General Obligation Debt Capacity	\$ 167,964,913 (8,720,000) \$ 159,244,913	
Percent of Capacity Issued	5.19%	

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

Debt Ratios

Estimated Population (2022)		41,878	
Per Capita Real Market Value	\$	267,388	
	(Gross Direct	Net Direct
Debt Information		Debt*	Debt
District Direct Debt	\$	14,705,000	\$ 14,705,000
Overlapping Direct Debt		N/A	 N/A
Total Direct Debt	\$	14,705,000	\$ 14,705,000
Bonded Debt Ratios			
District Direct Debt to Real Market Value		0.13%	0.13%
Total Direct Debt to Real Market Value		0.13%	0.13%
Per Capita District Direct Debt	\$	351	\$ 351
Per Capita Total Direct Debt	\$	351	\$ 351

^{*} See Note 8 Long-Term Debt Schedule

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Budget Advisory Committee, established by the President in 2012, is part of the College's participatory shared governance structure to inform all constituent groups about resources and spending. The 2022-23 general fund operating budget was developed using guiding principles. A priority to closely monitor revenue and expenditure in uncertain times which began with the change to remote instruction and remote work, except for essential services, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020. A college-wide budget reduction process began before the FY2021-22 budget was adopted anticipating lower revenue resulting from the impact of COVID-19. More than \$600,000 in budget reductions including the elimination of 2.5 FTE positions were implemented to reduce expenditures to address anticipated lower revenue and mitigate uncertainty related to the impact from COVID-19 pandemic.

The 2021-2023 State funding was \$4.0 million in FY2021-2022 and anticipated to be \$3.8 million in FY2022-2023 based on a \$702 million community college funding level (Source: CCSF Distribution 2021-2023). The state support funding represents approximately 30% of the College's annual revenue based on the revised funding formula allocation. The state support funding represents approximately 30% of the College's annual revenue based on the revised funding formula allocation. Alternative revenue sources and establishing community partnerships while reducing expenditures will continue to be necessary to ensure expenditures are within available resources.

Efforts to invest in student retention and support services have been a focus of budget development in FY21 and FY22. The 2018-2023 strategic plan identifies four strategic initiatives, Strengthen the Academic Environment for Students, Cultivate Connections with the Community, Commit to Equity and Inclusiveness, and Advance Institutional Accountability. Each strategic initiative has objectives which interweave the budget development process for progress toward mission fulfillment. Building and maintaining the general fund ending fund balance at 15% is a strategic priority which in the current fiscal environment will be a challenge. Looking forward the college will consider how to right size to reflect current and projected enrollment patterns.

Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued) <u>Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)</u>

Local property tax information (Summary of Property Tax Collections 2022-2023) indicates a 3.0% increase in the total certified tax amount for 2023 in Clatsop County. County officials are predicting the total property tax assessed value increase will grow by the statutory 3% in the next budgeting period.

The continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is still being felt as enrollments are well below pre-COVID numbers. CCC took some of the largest percentage declines in the state and we are seeing a slight rebound this academic year. The College has made the decision to move away from the Campus Nexus computer system, this will require an implementation of a system offered by Ellucian. This system was selected for its functionality and student-centered features. Morale is on the upswing as more students return to campus and the issues with our ERP are moving forward to a solution. 2022-2023 budgetary priorities were to stabilize student enrollment and increase student and employee retention. This work will continue in the 2023-2024 budget work. A four-year collective bargaining agreement for the Classified and Part-time Faculty, respectively, are in place through FY2023. A three-year agreement (2021-2024) with the full-time faculty was approved by the Board of Education on July 13, 2021.

In addition, Clatsop is continuing to partner with Linn-Benton Community College to provide institutional research contracted services. Building and maintaining the target general fund reserve at 15% continues to be a priority for fiscal sustainability and to meet cash flow requirements, which requires close monitoring of actual revenue and expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Clatsop Community College's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Chris Breitmeyer, President Clatsop Community College 1651 Lexington Avenue Astoria, OR 97103

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	Primary Government		Clats	nponent Unit op Community College oundation
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Receivables: Property Taxes Governmental Student Receivables, Net Inventories Other Total Current Assets	\$	3,205,759 396,130 - 320,312 934,270 161,146 106,628 43,300 5,167,545	\$	725,947 - 4,998,453 - - - 1,000 5,725,400
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation Right of Use Assets - Net of Accumulated Amortization OPEB Asset Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	\$	40,873,196 33,131 151,277 41,057,604 46,225,149	\$	- - - - 5,725,400
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to Pensions Related to OPEB Loss on Refunding Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 	4,443,649 82,403 321,977 4,848,029	\$ \$	- - -

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

	G	Primary overnment	Clats	mponent Unit op Community College Foundation
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	247,571	\$	2,250
Payroll Liabilities		1,083,703		-
Unearned Revenue		404,638		-
Due to Student Groups		30,000		-
Accrued Interest Payable		15,117		-
Other Current Liabilities		2,742		-
Leases and Financed Purchases Payable		38,440		-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		2,923,129		-
Total Current Liabilities		4,745,340		2,250
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable, Less Current Portion of				
Long-Term Debt		13,230,451		_
Leases and Financed Purchases Payable		126,045		
Net Pension Liability		6,482,364		_
OPEB Liability		666,722		_
Pre-SLGRP Transition Liability		521,998		_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		21,027,580		
		, ,		
Total Liabilities	\$	25,772,920	\$	2,250
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pensions	\$	5,722,007	\$	-
Related to OPEB		111,952		<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	5,833,959	\$	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		29,925,122		_
Restricted - OPEB Asset		151,277		_
Restricted - Expendable		- · ,— · ·		607,597
Restricted - Unexpendable		_		4,719,316
Unrestricted		(10,610,100)		396,237
Total Net Position	c	10 466 200	φ	5 700 4E0
i otal Net Position	\$	19,466,299	\$	5,723,150

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		rimary vernment	Clatso	nponent Unit op Community College oundation
OPERATING REVENUES		_		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship				
Allowance of \$843,259	\$	1,631,947	\$	-
Federal Student Financial Aid Grant		198,670		-
State Student Financial Aid Grant		415,165		-
Federal Grants and Contracts		1,321,584		-
State and Local Government Grants and Contracts		160,511		-
Other Local Sources		15,303		742,074
Total Operating Revenues		3,743,180		742,074
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Educational and General:				
Instruction		5,007,394		_
Instructional Support		1,895,806		_
Student Services		2,528,863		_
Institutional Support		3,942,835		_
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,493,037		_
Community Services		413,049		_
Student Financial Aid		1,667,703		_
Other Expense		21,705		609,868
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		1,836,876		, -
Total Operating Expenses		18,807,268		609,868
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(15,064,088)		132,206
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
State FTE Reimbursement		4,191,126		_
Property Taxes and Timber Revenues		7,210,991		-
Pell Grants		971,466		-
Investment Income		23,976		_
Other Local Revenue		959,992		_
Other Federal Revenue		1,643,414		-
Interest Expense		(743,217)		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		14,257,748		-
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(806,340)		132,206
Net Position - Beginning of Year		20,272,639		5,590,944
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	19,466,299	\$	5,723,150

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Primary Sovernment
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		overnment
Tuition and Fees	\$	2,220,515
Paid to Students	φ	(1,667,703)
Grants and Contracts		•
		3,102,364
Aid Received for Students		711,157
Payments to Vendors		(3,505,780)
Payments to Employees		(12,192,665)
Other		15,303
Fiduciary Activities - Direct Lending Receipts		370,785
Fiduciary Activities - Direct Lending Disbursements		(370,785)
Fiduciary Activities - External Entity Related Receipts		24,869
Fiduciary Activities - External Entity Related Disbursements		(24,869)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(11,316,809)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Local Property Taxes and Timber Revenues		7,244,305
State Appropriations and Other Payments		4,191,126
Nonoperating Grants		3,020,961
Tax Anticipation Note		1,090,000
Other Local Revenue		1,164,992
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		16,711,384
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Capital Assets		(195,105)
Finance Purchase Agreement		130,784
Lease Liability		(33,701)
Loan Principal Paid		(1,711,491)
Loan Interest Paid		(745,250)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,554,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Income		23,976
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		23,976
Net Cash I Tovided by investing Activities		25,510
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,863,788
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		738,101
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,601,889

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	(Primary Government
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET		_
CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(15,064,088)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation and Amortization		1,836,876
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		
Receivables (Net)		2,328,220
Inventories		(42,313)
Other Assets		19,491
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		40,241
Payroll Liabilities		80,843
Unearned Revenue		(22,061)
Other Current Liabilities		(248,129)
Pension Expense Changes Related to Net Pension Liability		(31,134)
OPEB Expense Changes Related to Net OPEB Liability		(214,755)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(11,316,809)
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,205,759
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		396,130
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	3,601,889

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Clatsop Community College (the College) is a public, two-year co-educational institution. The College is a municipal corporation governed under the laws prescribed by the state of Oregon, charged with educating students. A seven-member board of education is locally elected and is authorized to establish policies governing the operations of the College. It is legally separate and fiscally independent from all other state and local governments. The College is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

In May 2002, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. This statement amends Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, to provide additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the College is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the College.

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), the College includes one discretely presented component unit in its financial statements: the Clatsop Community College Foundation (hereinafter referred to as "the Foundation"). The Foundation is a nonprofit, nongovernmental organization, whose purpose is to provide support for scholarships and programs for the College. The Foundation had an audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Financial information about the Foundation may be obtained from the Foundation at 1651 Lexington Avenue, Astoria, OR 97103.

Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the College conform to U.S. GAAP as applicable to colleges and universities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of petty cash, cash on deposit with banks, and funds invested with the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which are part of the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). All are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

The Foundation considers all liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, excluding amounts whose use is limited by the board of directors or donor designations.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Current restricted cash and cash equivalents for the College consists of funds for other grant projects, \$338,224, and clubs and organizations, \$57,906. All funds of the Foundation are in depository accounts at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted Investments

Investments at the foundation are valued at fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Inventories

Inventories consist of items held for resale by the bookstore and print shop. They are stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out method.

Receivables

All accounts receivable related to student tuition and fees are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Property, Buildings, and Equipment and Right of Use Assets

Property, buildings, and equipment with an acquisition cost in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased, or estimated acquisition value at the time received in the case of gifts.

Depreciation on College buildings and equipment is recorded using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Computers and Other Technical Equipment	3 Years
Vehicles and All Other Equipment	7 Years
Library Materials and Land Improvements	10 Years
Building and Improvements	40 Years
Right of Use Assets - Equipment	3-10 Years

Accrued Wages and Payroll Costs

Contracts for faculty begin in September and end in mid-June. All other employee agreements begin July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year and end June 30. All salaries are paid over 12 months. The salary amounts due for payment in July and August are included in payroll liabilities. Benefit payments for July and August are not accrued but rather expensed as paid. The accrued wages at June 30, 2022 were \$367,399.

Compensated Absences

Sick leave accumulates but does not vest until illness occurs. Neither the leave days nor monetary compensation is available upon termination of employment; therefore, no liability for unused sick leave is recorded in the financial statements. Employees may only carry forward the number of vacation hours they have accrued in the previous year.

The College accrues the expense for accumulated vested vacation leave and recognizes the liability as of the end of the fiscal year. The total accumulated vacation liability is included with payroll liabilities on the statement of net position and was \$298,504 at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tuition and Fees

Tuition and fees include all assessments to students for educational and general purposes. It is stated net of institutional aid provided to students. The College's fiscal year begins with summer term and ends with spring term.

Retirement Plans

The College offers two retirement options to qualifying employees: 1) the Oregon State Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), and 2) 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity plans. The College reports their proportionate share of the net PERS liability along with the associated deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. See Note 10 *Pension Plan* for a detailed description of the plan and the proportionate share methodology. The expense and liability related to the 403(b) plans are recorded in the fiscal year in which they are withheld from employees.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

Actuarially determined liability recorded in the statement of net position based on the College's entry into the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) State and Local Government Rate Pool. The transition liability is reduced each year by contributions to PERS and increased for interest charged by PERS. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$521,998.

Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation (OPEB)

The College reports their proportionate share of the net PERS Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) OPEB asset and the total Early Retirement Plan OPEB liability along with the associated deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. See Note 11 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) for a detailed description of each plan and the proportionate share methodology for each.

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net position in one period that is applicable to future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that is applicable to future periods. Deferred outflows relate to PERS, OPEB, and loss on refunding. Deferred inflows relate to PERS and OPEB.

Budgetary Basis

The financial operations of the various funds of the College on a budgetary basis are presented in individual schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance compared with budget, in the supplemental information section of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Restricted – This includes resources that the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted – This includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services or educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the College's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources, and then toward unrestricted resources.

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The College participates in federally funded programs, including primarily Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, Federal Work-Study, Direct Loans, and TRIO Programs.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed costs may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Such amounts, if any, cannot be determined at this time and, accordingly, no liability is reflected in the financial statements.

Classification of Revenues

Operating revenue includes activities that generally have the characteristics of exchange transactions (a transaction in which two or more entities both receive and sacrifice value, such as purchases and sales of goods or services). Examples operating revenues include student tuition and fees, sales and services of auxiliary activity, most federal, state and local grants, and contract and other operating revenue. Nonoperating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions (a transaction in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return). Examples of nonoperating revenues include: local property taxes, state appropriations, some federal, state, and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, and gifts and contributions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowances

Student tuition and fees are reported net of scholarship allowances. A scholarship allowance is the difference between the College's stated rates and charges and the amounts actually paid by students and/or third parties making payments on behalf of the students. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and payments from other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are required to be recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are applied to tuition, fees, and other student charges, the College has reported a corresponding scholarship allowance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ.

Newly Implemented Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The College has implemented GASB 87 for the period ending June 30, 2022. Changes adopted conform to the provisions of this standard and are effective from July 1, 2021 forward.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

As mandated by Oregon statutes, a budget was prepared by the College administration and budget officer. The budget committee, with public input, considered and approved the budget for transmittal to the board of education on May 4, 2021. After public notices and a hearing, the final budget was adopted, appropriations made, and a tax levy declared by the board of education on June 8, 2021. The budget was amended by the board on June 28, 2022.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Expenditures, as amended, are appropriated at the following levels of control for each fund:

		Restricted			
		(Grants/ Financial	Unexpended	Plant/Debt	Non-Plant
	General	Aid)	Plant	Service	Debt
Total Instruction	Х	Х			
Total Support					
Services	X	X			
Total Enterprise and					
Community Services	X	X			
Total Facilities					
Acquisition and Construction			X	X	
Constituction			^	^	
Total Other Uses	Х	Χ			X
Total Unappropriated					
Ending Fund Balance	Χ		X		

Expenditures and transfers cannot legally exceed appropriations except in the case of grants that cannot be estimated at the time of budget adoption.

Supplemental budgets were advertised as required. After public hearings these budgets were approved by the board. Other budget adjustments not requiring public hearings were also approved by the board. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College was in compliance with ORS 294.456(6).

Details on budgeted and actual amounts can be found in the supplementary information.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2022 were comprised of the following:

			Com	ponent Unit
		Total		p Community
		Primary		College
	Government		F	oundation
Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Cash on Hand	\$	2,750	\$	-
Deposits		272,699		725,947
Oregon Short-Term Fund, LGIP		3,326,440		-
Total	\$	3,601,889	\$	725,947

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Most of the College's cash and investments were held in custody with the Oregon State Treasury (State Treasury). These invested assets are managed through a commingled investment pool by the State Treasury. The underlying investment pool has an investment policy and set of objectives identifying risk and return parameters for the investment pool.

Deposits with State Local Government Investment Pool

The College maintains most of its cash balances on deposit with the State Treasury. These deposits at the State Treasury are held on a pooled basis as described above, in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). The State Treasurer of the state of Oregon maintains the OSTF, of which the LGIP is a part. The OSTF is a cash and investment pool available for use by all state funds and eligible local governments. The State Treasury invests these deposits in high-grade short-term investment securities. The OSTF is managed by the Investment Division of the Oregon State Treasury within the guidelines established in the OSTF Portfolio Rules. The LGIP is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio offered to eligible participants who by law are made custodian of, or have control over, any public funds. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College cash and cash equivalents on deposit at State Treasury were \$3,326,440. At June 30, 2022, the fair value of College deposits with LGIP approximates cost.

For full disclosure regarding cash and investments held in the State Treasury, a copy of the State Treasury audited annual financial report may be obtained by writing to the Oregon State Treasury, 350, Winter St. NE, Suite 100, Salem, OR 9701-3896 or via the internet at: www.oregon.gov/treasury/Reports/Pages/Annual-Reports.aspx.

Policies

The College has adopted an investment policy that states investments will be in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Current state statutes (ORS Chapter 295) require that all bank deposits in excess of FDIC and FSLIC insurance (currently \$250,000) be collateralized through the Oregon State Treasurer's Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). ORS 295 created a shared liability structure for participating depositories though not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. The College was in compliance with this statutory requirement throughout the year, and none of the College's June 30, 2022 bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was adequately insured and collateralized. The state provides a list of qualified depositories, and the College Board approves a list of depositories from this list in July each year. The cash balances held on deposit at the State Treasury are invested continuously, therefore, custodial credit risk exposure to the State Treasury is low.

Concentration of Credit Risk

College investments are entirely maintained in the local government investment pool (LGIP). OSTF follows their rules on the maximum that may be invested in any one issuer, as a percentage of the OSTF's total investments. On June 30, 2022, they were within the required limits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Foreign Currency Risk

OSTF rules prohibit investments that are not U.S. dollar-denominated; therefore, it is not exposed to this risk.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Accounting standards provide the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation can access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair market value measurement.

At June 30, 2022, all of the OSTF investments were considered Level 2 investments.

Foundation Investments

The Foundation's investments are recorded at fair value and consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Le	vel 1	I	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bonds	\$	-	\$	321,593	\$ -	\$ 321,593
Mutual Funds - Equity		932,775		-	-	932,775
Common Stocks	3,	421,628		-	-	3,421,628
Treasuries		322,457			 	 322,457
Total Investments		_				
at Fair Value	\$ 4,	676,860_	\$	321,593	\$ 	\$ 4,998,453

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There have been no changes in the valuation methodologies used at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Property Taxes

Clatsop County assesses and collects all property taxes for the College. Taxes are assessed on all taxable property in the county. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the tax is paid in full prior to November 15; taxes unpaid and outstanding after May 16 are considered delinquent. Since property may be seized and sold to satisfy any unpaid taxes, all taxes receivable at year-end are considered collectible. Taxes are billed and collected by Clatsop County and remittance to the College is made in periodic intervals. For fiscal year 2021-2022 the College imposed a tax rate of \$.7785 per \$1,000 of assessed value. This resulted in a net levy of \$6,403,654 after reduction for compression loss due to constitutional limits, and after increases due to additional taxes, penalties, and other adjustments. Property tax receivables as of June 30, 2022 are \$320,312.

Governmental

The governmental receivables include \$396 thousand in timber revenue and \$538 thousand in various federal and state grants or contracts. The total governmental receivables are \$934 thousand. It is expected that all funds will be received so no allowance for doubtful accounts is included.

Student

This account includes three kinds of receivables: amounts owed by students and agencies for tuition and fees \$59,569, amounts owed by students in collections and amounts returned due to insufficient funds \$106,015, and amounts owed by agencies \$30,563 for other services provided by the College. Amounts owed by agencies are fully collectible. An estimated bad debt allowance is included \$(35,000) for student accounts. Net student accounts receivable as of June 30, 2022 was \$161,146.

NOTE 5 RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 6 RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Clatsop Community College Foundation

Restricted net position – expendable of \$607,597 and restricted net position –unexpendable of \$4.7 million in the Foundation are primarily for endowment programs and scholarships.

NOTE 7 PROPERTY, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT

Primary Government

The College established an inventory of property, buildings, and equipment at estimated historical cost, from College records and efforts of an appraisal firm, as of June 30, 1988. The following changes occurred in property, buildings, and equipment owned by the College between June 30, 2021 and 2022.

	June 30, 2021*	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Improvements	\$ 950,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 950,208
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	950,208	-	-	950,208
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	56,961,924	4,720	-	56,966,644
Land Improvements	166,599	-	-	166,599
Equipment	3,409,475	226,942	-	3,636,417
Library Books	147,278	-	-	147,278
Right of Use Asset - Equipment	46,840			46,840
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized and Depreciated	60,732,116	231,662	-	60,963,778
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:				
Buildings	16,083,701	1,462,731	-	17,546,432
Land Improvements	166,599	-	-	166,599
Equipment	2,816,915	316,726	-	3,133,640
Library Books	147,278	-	-	147,278
Right of Use Asset - Equipment Amortization		13,710		13,710
Total Accumulated Amortization and Depreciation	19,214,493	1,793,167		21,007,659
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized and Depreciated	41,517,623	(1,561,505)		39,956,119
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 42,467,831	\$ (1,561,505)	\$ -	\$ 40,906,327

^{*}Restated due to the implementation of GASB 87.

Clatsop Community College Foundation

The Foundation has no property, buildings, and equipment as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT

Tax Anticipation Note - Cash Flow

	Amount
Bond payable - Short-Term Borrowing Program. Bonds payable to U.S. Bank,	
Trustee, for \$1,090,000 at 2.740% short-term tax anticipation promissory note,	
Certificate of Participation, Series 2022A (Federally Taxable), maturity date	
December 31, 2022	\$ 1,090,000
Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 1,090,000

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT(CONTINUED)

The College has the following long-term debt arrangements:

Bonds Payable - Facilities - Direct Placement

Facilities bonds payable are direct obligations that pledge the full faith and credit of the College. Funds provided by the bonds are being used to improve College facilities and were approved by the board on August 6, 2007 to meet state of Oregon requirements to receive matching funds for construction. The College has presented these funds to the state to satisfy its matching requirement. Funds from the state were available once all the College's funds were expended. Payments for the debt are secured by the assets of the College.

<u>Description</u>	 Amount
Bond payable to US Bank, Trustee, for \$5,060,000. Refunding of 2006 Full Faith & Credit obligation dated August 5, 2014 with scheduled interest and principal payments due semi-annually through June 30, 2026. Refunding saves \$30,000 annually.	\$ 2,515,000
Less: Principal Payments 2021-22	 (470,000)
Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 2,045,000

General Obligation Bonds, 2015 qualified to participate in the Oregon School Bond Guaranty program in order to secure lower interest costs on general obligation bonds. Series 2016 (refunded Series 2009) has \$2.860 million outstanding at June 30, 2022. Series 2015 has \$5.860 million outstanding at June 30, 2022. Payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due is guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the state under the provisions of the Oregon School Bond Guaranty Act — Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 328.321 to 328.356 (the Act).

<u>Description</u>	Amount
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Bond payable to U.S. Bank National Association, Trustee, for \$8,200,000 at 3.0% for the redevelopment of Patriot Hall and to pay the costs of issuance of the obligations, dated February 26, 2015, with scheduled interest and principal payments due semi-annually through June 15, 2035	\$ 6,220,000
Less: Principal Payments 2021-2022	(360,000)
Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 5,860,000
General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2016 Bond payable to JPMorgan Chase Bank for \$3,985,000 at a price of 100% par at 1.85% per annum with all accrued interest due semi-annually through June 2029	\$ 3,195,000
Less: Principal Payments 2021-2022	(335,000)
Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 2,860,000

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bonds Payable - PERS - Direct Placement

PERS bonds are direct obligations that pledge the full faith and credit of the College. Net proceeds of the Pension Bonds were deposited into a lump sum payment account at PERS for the benefit of the College. This Pension Bond was issued as part of a larger pool of pension obligations. The College's Pension Bonds refinanced a portion of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability allocated to the College in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System. The lump sum payment reduced the College's current payroll contribution rates. Payments are secured by an intra-governmental agreement whereby payments are taken from the quarterly state appropriation prior to receipt by the College.

Description	Amount			
Bond payable to Wells Fargo, Trustee, for \$7,240,000 at 4.6% to 4.8% for paying PERS unfunded actuarial liability, dated June 9, 2005, with scheduled interest and principal payments due semi-annually through June 30, 2028	\$	4,455,000		
Less: Principal Payments 2021-2022		(515,000)		
Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	3,940,000		

The schedule of future requirements for payment of principal and interest on these obligations are as follows for the years ending June 30:

								Facilities			Facilities				Facilities				
	Total		Total	PERS Bonding			US Bank, 2014 US Bank,			JS Bank, 20	2016 (Chase)			GO Bonds, 2015					
	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest			Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$ 1,790,000	\$	491,801	\$	575,000	\$ ^	190,341	\$	490,000	\$	61,350	\$	355,000	\$	52,910	\$	370,000	\$	187,200
2024	1,889,000		427,956		640,000		162,563		500,000		46,650		369,000		46,343		380,000		172,400
2025	2,002,000		360,011		705,000		131,645		520,000		31,650		387,000		39,516		390,000		157,200
2026	2,130,000		287,593		780,000		97,586		535,000		16,050		410,000		32,357		405,000		141,600
2027	1,701,000		214,126		860,000		59,904		-		-		426,000		24,772		415,000		129,450
2028-2032	3,608,000		495,070		380,000		18,358		-		-		913,000		25,512	2	2,315,000		451,200
2033-2037	1,585,000		96,150		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,585,000		96,150
Total	\$ 14,705,000	\$ 2	2,372,706	\$	3,940,000	\$ 6	660,397	\$	2,045,000	\$	155,700	\$:	2,860,000	\$	221,410	\$ 5	5,860,000	\$	1,335,200

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of long-term liability activity follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2021*	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 16,385,000	\$ -	\$ 1,680,000	\$ 14,705,000	\$ 1,790,000
Bond Premium	401,709	-	43,129	358,580	43,129
Tax Anticipation Note	-	1,090,000	-	1,090,000	1,090,000
Finance Purchase Agreement:					
Community Leasing Partner	-	130,784	-	130,784	24,652
Leases Payable	57,498		23,797	33,701	13,788
Total	16,844,207	1,220,784	1,746,926	16,318,065	2,961,569
PERS pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	644,110		122,112	521,998	
Total	\$ 17,488,317	\$ 1,220,784	\$ 1,869,038	\$ 16,840,063	\$ 2,961,569

^{*} Restated due to the implementation of GASB 87.

NOTE 9 FINANCED PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Financed Purchase Agreements

On September 15, 2021, the College entered into a financed purchase agreement with Community Leasing Partners to acquire twenty-five SCBA's and fifty-one RIT cylinder packs. The amount financed was \$130,784 after making a down payment of \$321,127. Payments are due annually in the amount of \$28,528. The interest rate is 4.0%.

The future payments for the equipment at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	cipal Interest		 Total	
2023	\$	24,652	\$	3,876	\$ 28,528	
2024		25,382		3,146	28,528	
2025		26,135		2,393	28,528	
2026		26,909		1,619	28,528	
2027		27,706		822	28,528	
Total	\$	130,784	\$	11,856	\$ 142,640	

NOTE 10 LEASES

College as a Lessee

The College leases a network array comprised of several pieces of equipment from Dell Financial Services, in which the College is the lessee. The general terms of these agreements include an incremental borrowing rate of 4.83% with monthly payments. The leases are set to expire in FY 2025.

The following is a schedule of principal and interest payments on these agreements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total
2023	\$	13,799	\$	1,382	\$ 15,181
2024		14,461		720	15,181
2025		5,441		103	5,544
Total	\$	33,701	\$	2,205	\$ 35,906

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN

Public Employee Retirement System (PERS)

College employees participate in one or more Oregon PERS plans (OPERS) that provide pension, death, disability, and postemployment health care benefits to members or their beneficiaries. The pension plan is a multiple-employer cost-sharing plan. In 1995, the Legislature enacted a second level or "tier" of PERS benefits for persons who established PERS membership on or after January 1, 1996. These Tier Two members do not have the Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee, and have a higher normal retirement age of 60, compared to 58 for Tier One. Employer contributions to PERS are required by state statute and are made at actuarially determined rates as adopted by the Public Employment Retirement Board (PERB).

PERS' financial statements are prepared based on a fiscal year ended June 30. The Oregon State Treasurer has statutory responsibility for custody and investment of PERS assets. As a result of this fiduciary responsibility, PERS is included as part of the primary government in the State of Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

PERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 238. ORS 238.620 establishes the PERB as the governing body of PERS. PERS issues a publicly available financial report, which can be obtained by writing to PERS, PO Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700 or by calling 503-598-7377.

Copies of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuations may be obtained from the Oregon PERS website at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Employers participating in the Plan are required to report pension information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2014, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to pensions in the measurement of employer liabilities for pensions and recognition of pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Basis of Accounting

Contributions for employers are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to PERS are calculated based on creditable compensation for active members reported by employers. Employer contributions are accrued when due pursuant to legal requirements. These are amounts normally included in the employer statements cut off as of the fifth of the following month.

Proportionate Share Allocation Methodology

The basis for the employer's proportion is actuarially determined by comparing the employers' projected long-term contribution effort to the Plan with the total projected long-term contribution effort of all employers. The contribution rate for every employer has at least two major components; Normal Cost Rate and Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) Rate.

Changes Subsequent to Measurement Date

The College is not aware of any changes to benefit terms subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Pension Plan Liability

The components of the Plan's collective net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 are as follows (dollars in millions):

Total Pension Liability	\$ 96,297.8
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	84,331.3
Plan Net Position Liability	\$ 11,966.5

Plan Benefits

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238)

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (1.67% for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit result.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if they've had a contribution in each of five calendar years or have reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer. General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a nonretired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a nonduty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a nonduty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes after Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360, monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0%.

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: a defined benefit pension plan and a defined contribution pension plan.

- 1. The defined benefit pension plan is provided to members who were hired on or after August 29, 2003. Employer contributions are required by state statute and are made at actuarially determined rates as adopted by the PERB. The annual required contribution rate for the OPSRP defined benefit pension plan at June 30, 2020 is 9.08% as provided by the Summary of PERS Employer Contribution Rates, adjusted for the side account rate relief 15.17%.
- 2. The defined contribution pension plan (called the Individual Account Program) (IAP) is provided to all members or their beneficiaries who are PERS or OPSRP eligible. State statutes require covered employees to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary to the IAP plan effective January 1, 2004. Plan members of PERS retain their existing PERS accounts, but member contributions beginning in 2004 will be deposited in the member's IAP, not into the member's PERS account.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

General Service: 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a nonretired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50% of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a nonretired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Pension Plan Contributions

PERS and OPSRP employee contribution requirements are established by ORS 238.200 and ORS 238A.330, respectively, and are credited to an employee's account in the IAP and maybe amended by an act of the Oregon Legislature. PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The College requires members of PERS, except for the President, to contribute 6% of their salary covered under the plan. In addition, the College is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The Net Employer Contribution Rate has been determined for July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2023 at 16.68% for PERS Tier One/Two and 12.99% for OPSRP General Service.

Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$965,519, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1.022 million. At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 606,792	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions	1,622,731	(17,060)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Pension Plan Investments	-	(4,798,844)
Changes in Proportionate Share	1,248,607	(21,630)
Difference in Proportionate Share and Actual		
Employer's Contributions		(884,473)
Total	3,478,130	(5,722,007)
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources Before		
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	965,519	
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources	\$ 4,443,649	\$ (5,722,007)

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$965,519 are related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount		
2023	\$ (341,669)		
2024	(359,290)		
2025	(561,203)		
2026	(1,126,693)		
2027	 144,978		
Total	\$ (2.243.877)		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even-numbered years.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The following methods and assumptions were used in the development of the total pension liability:

Actuarial Methods:

As of:

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

Experience Study Report

Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Discount Rate

Projected Salary Increases

Cost of Living Adjustments

Mortality

June 30, 2022
December 31, 2019
June 30, 2021
2018, Published July 24, 2019
Entry Age Normal

2.40%
6.90%
6.90%
3.40%

Blend of 2.0% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with *Moro* Decision; blend based on service

Healthy Retirees and Beneficiaries:

Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation

Active Members:

Pub-2010 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation

Disabled Retirees:

Pub-2010 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the defined benefit pension plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the defined benefit pension plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2022, the College reported a liability of \$6,482,364 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The basis for the College's proportion is actuarially determined by comparing the employers' projected long-term contribution effort to the Plan with the total projected long-term contribution effort of all employers. At June 30, 2021, the College's proportionate share was 0.05417102% compared to 0.05139604% from its last measurement date.

Deferred Items

Certain deferred items are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. Others are calculated at the employer level. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, deferred items include:

- Difference between expected and actual experience
- Changes in assumptions
- Net difference between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings
- Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date
- Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumption, and changes in employer proportion are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined as of the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize pension expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of each measurement period are as follows:

- Measurement period ended June 30, 2021 5.4 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2020 5.3 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2019 5.2 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2018 5.2 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2017 5.3 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2016 5.3 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2015 5.4 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2014 5.6 years

The difference between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed 5-year period.

One year of amortization is recognized in the College's total pension expense for fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our third-party actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target Range
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Equity	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2019 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	20-Year Annualized Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation *	Mean
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50	7.71
Core Fixed Income	23.75	2.73
Real Estate	12.25	5.66
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75	5.71
Infrastructure	1.50	6.26
Commodities	0.63	3.10
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25	5.11
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63	5.31
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62	5.06
US Cash	(2.50)	1.76
		2.40%
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.40%

^{*}Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, including revisions adopted at the OIC meeting on June 2, 2021.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity Analysis (Continued)

				Current		
	_ 19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase
Employers' Net Pension Liability		(5.90%)		(6.90%)		(7.90%)
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	\$	12,729,813	\$	6,482,364	\$	1,255,517

Current

The above is an analysis of the College's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. It presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability

See Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability on page 71 of the PERS June 30, 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Transition Liability

The College reports a separate liability to the plan with a balance of \$521,998 at June 30, 2022. The liability represents the College's allocated share of the pre-SLGRP pooled liability. The College is being assessed an employer contribution rate of 19.68% of covered payroll for payment of this transition liability.

Tax Sheltered Annuities

Voluntary tax sheltered 403(b) annuity plans are available to College employees. Regular full-time employees are eligible to participate. The maximum contribution for calendar years 2021 and 2022 is \$19,500 and \$20,500, respectively, with higher levels for employees over age 50.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS)

Plan Description

The Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Board contracts for health insurance coverage on behalf of eligible PERS members. Eligible retirees pay their own age-adjusted premiums. To help retirees defray the cost of these premiums, PERS also administers a separate defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan: The Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA). Only Tier One and Tier Two PERS members are eligible to participate in the RHIA. (Refer to Note 10 for details concerning Tier One and Tier Two membership in PERS.)

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan in which the College participates. Established under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420, the plan provides a payment of up to \$60 toward the monthly cost of health insurance for eligible PERS members. To be eligible to receive the RHIA subsidy, the member must (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if they (1) are receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991. The Legislature has sole authority to amend the benefit provisions and employer obligations for the RHIA plan.

The RHIA plan is closed to employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, who had not established PERS membership prior to that date.

OPEB Plan Report

The PERS RHIA defined benefit OPEB plan is reported separately under Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds in the fiduciary funds combining statements and as part of the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust in the state's Comprehensive Annual financial Report. PERS issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, Fiscal Services Division, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700. The report may also be accessed online at: www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements for the PERS OPEB plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits are recognized in the month they are earned and withdrawals are recognized in the month they are due and payable. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Employers participating in PERS are required to report OPEB information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2017, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to OPEB in the measurement of employer liabilities and recognition of OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Proportionate Share Allocation Methodology

The basis for the employer's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the Plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers.

OPEB Plan (Asset)/Liability

The components of the PERS Net OPEB (Asset) Liability for the OPEB plan as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Am	nounts in
Net OPEB - RHIA (Asset)	N	/lillions
Total OPEB - RHIA Liability	\$	409.5
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		752.9
Plan Net OPEB - RHIA (Asset)	\$	(343.4)

Changes Subsequent to Measurement Date

The College is not aware of any changes that would impact RHIA subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Contributions

The OPEB plan administered by PERS is funded through actuarially determined employer contributions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College contributes 0.50% of PERS covered payroll for Tier One and Tier Two plan members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits. In addition, the College contributes 0.58% of all PERS-covered payroll to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities amortized over 20 years. The required employer contribution was approximately \$1 thousand for the year ended June 30, 2022. The actual contribution equaled the annual required contribution for the fiscal year.

Net OPEB Asset/Liability

At June 30, 2022, the College reported an asset of \$151,277 for its proportionate share of the RHIA net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recorded total OPEB expense of \$14,111 due to the change in the net RHIA OPEB asset and changes to deferred outflows and deferred inflows.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Deferred Items

Certain deferred items are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. Others are calculated at the employer level. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, deferred items include:

- Difference between expected and actual experience
- Difference due to changes in assumptions
- Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date
- Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions
- A difference between projected and actual earnings

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumption, and changes in employer proportion are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined as of the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize OPEB expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of the measurement period are as follows:

- Measurement period ended June 30, 2021 2.7 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2020 2.9 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2019 3.1 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2018 3.3 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2017 3.7 years

The difference between projected and actual OPEB plan investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

One year of amortization is recognized in the College's total OPEB expense for fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Deferred Items (Continued)

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$46,164 is related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as an increase of the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2022.

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ (4,209)
Changes of Assumptions	2,977	(2,250)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Investments	-	(35,952)
Change in Proportionate Share	18,692	(156)
Difference Between Contributions and Proportionate		
Share of Contributions		
Total (Prior to Post-MD Contributions)	21,669	(42,567)
Contributions Subsequent to the MD	1,124	
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources	\$ 22,793	\$ (42,567)

As of June 30, 2022, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIA OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount	
2023	\$ \$ (875)	
2024	(459)	
2025	(8,208)	
2026	 (11,357)	
Total	\$ (20,898)	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the 2018 Experience Study.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The following key methods and assumptions were used to measure the total OPEB liability:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

As of:

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

Experience Study Report

Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Discount Rate

Projected Salary Increases

Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)

Mortality

RHIA
June 30, 2022
December 31, 2019
June 30, 2021
2018, published July 24, 2019
Entry Age Normal

2.40%
6.90%
6.90%
3.40%

Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with *Moro* decision; blend based on service.

Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Active members:

Pub-2010 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees:

Pub-2010 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the OPEB Plans was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Discount					
				Rate	19	% Increase
				(6.90%)		(7.90%)
Proportionate Share of the Net						
OPEB - RHIA Liability (Asset)	\$	(133,783)	\$	(151,277)	\$	(166,222)

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class/Strategy	Target Allocation
Cash	0.00 %
Debt Securities	20.00
Public Equity	32.50
Private Equity	17.50
Real Estate	12.50
Alternative Equity	15.00
Risk Parity	2.50
Total	100.00 %

^{*}Risk Parity asset class/strategy included within Alternatives
Portfolio on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
2021 PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Table 1, page 42

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2019 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the OIC investment advisors. Each asset assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The table below shows a summary of long-term expected rate of return by asset class. For more information on the Plan's portfolio, assumed asset allocation, and the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using both arithmetic and geometric means, see PERS' audited financial statements at: www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial reports/financials.aspx

The following table shows long-term expected rate of return by asset class:

	Target	Annual Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Arithmetic
Global Equity	30.62%	7.11%
Private Equity	25.50	11.35
Core Fixed Income	23.75	2.80
Real Estate	12.25	6.29
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75	7.65
Infrastructure	1.50	7.24
Commodities	0.63	4.68
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25	5.42
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63	5.85
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62	5.33
US Cash	(2.50)	1.77
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.40%

2021 PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Table 31, page 74

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS) (Continued)

Depletion Date Projection

GASB Statement No. 75 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total OPEB Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Determining the discount rate under GASB Statement No. 75 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB Statement No. 75 (paragraph 39) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that
 payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position
 by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 75 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience that might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our third-party actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 75 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Early Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Clatsop Community College maintains a single employer defined postemployment healthcare benefits plan. The College participates in the Oregon Educators Benefit Board (OEBB) statewide agent multiemployer benefit plan, to provide a postretirement health benefits program. This plan offers healthcare assistance to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. There are two components to the early retirement plan. 1) Explicit Medical Benefits – certain retirees are eligible to receive paid health care premiums for themselves and their spouse, up to a monthly amount set at retirement. 2) Implicit Medical Benefits – continued medical coverage is offered to the College's eligible retirees and their spouses and dependents until Medicare eligibility. The active premium rate (whether paid by the College or by the retiree) still applies. However, in some cases the premium itself does not represent the full cost of covering these retirees (since they are older than the active population, retirees can be expected to generate higher medical claims and therefore higher premiums for the active population). This additional cost is called the "implicit subsidy."

The College does not issue a standalone report for this plan. The plan is currently unfunded as defined by current GASB standards. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

OPEB Funding Policy

Retirement Eligibility: The retiree must be eligible to receive benefits from Oregon PERS. Eligibility requirements for earliest retirement under Oregon PERS are as follows:

- Tier 1 or Tier 2: Earlier of age 55 or any age with 30 years of service
- OPSRP: Age 55 with 5 years of service

Explicit Medical Benefits: Benefits are paid to regular employees hired prior to July 1, 2004 with 10 consecutive years of service. Regular employees include Classified, Faculty, Confidential, Administrative, and Service/Supervisory members. The benefit is provided until the earlier of the retiree's age 65 or, for non-Faculty members, the death of the retiree. Benefit amount is the College-paid coverage for the retiree and spouse. Effective July 1, 2004 the amount is capped at the medical premium amount the College is paying at the time of retirement. For non-Faculty, single coverage is capped at the one-party medical premium at retirement.

Implicit Medical Benefits: All classes of employees are eligible to continue coverage upon retirement. Qualified spouses, domestic partners, and children may qualify for coverage. Coverage for retirees and eligible dependents continues until Medicare eligibility for each individual (or until dependent children become ineligible). The benefit is an implicit rate subsidy.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Early Retirement Plan (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Employers participating in OEBB are required to report OPEB information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2017, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to OPEB in the measurement of employer liabilities and recognition of OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

Changes in Total OPEB Plan Liability

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions, and was then projected forward to the measurement date.

	Increase (Decrease)	
	` Total	
	OP	EB Liability
Changes in Total OPEB Liability		
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	942,099
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		55,848
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		13,866
Changes of benefit terms		(232,649)
Difference between expected and actual experience		12,657
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gain or Loss		-
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		(78,935)
Benefit Payments		(46,164)
Net Changes		(275,377)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	666,722

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized postemployment healthcare benefits liability expense of \$(275,377) due to the changes to the total OPEB liability, deferred inflows, and amortization of deferred amounts.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Early Retirement Plan (Continued)

Deferred Items

The difference between projected and actual OPEB plan investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

One year of amortization is recognized in the College's total OPEB expense for fiscal year 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OEBB Plan from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of F	Resources	of F	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	10,436	\$	(4,298)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input		49,174		(65,087)
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources	\$	59,610	\$	(69,385)

As of June 30, 2022, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OEBB OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	A	Amount	
2023	\$	9,522	
2024		9,521	
2025		(9,048)	
2026		(11,627)	
Thereafter		(8,143)	
Total	\$	(9,775)	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The following key methods and assumptions were used to measure the total OPEB liability:

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Early Retirement Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions							
Valuation Date	July 1, 2021						
	Standard actuarial update procedures were used to						
	project/discount from valuation to measurement						
	dates.						
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022						
Actuarial Assumptions:							
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, level percent of salary						
	3.69% per Year, Based on all Years Discounted						
Interest Rate for Discounting	at Municipal Bond Rate(Based on Bond Buyer						
Future Liabilities	20-Bond General Obligation Index).						
General Inflation	2.4% per Year.						
Payroll Growth	3.4% per Year.						
	Total projected payroll increase is overall payroll						
	growth plus the assumed rate below. Sample rates						
Projected Salary Scale	are as follows:						
Duration	Rate						
0	3.69%						
5	5.20%						
10	5.20%						
15	5.00%						
20	4.50%						
25	4.00%						
30+	4.00%						

Discount Rate

Unfunded plans must use a discount rate that reflects a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate. The Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index was used to determine the discount rate for the OPEB liability. The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2022 reporting date is 3.69%.

Plan Assets

The College's Early Retirement OPEB Plan is currently "unfunded" in accordance with the relevant GASB statements.

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the College's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.69%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate at 2.69% and 4.69%:

		Discount	
OPEB Liability	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
OPEB Liability	\$ 692,783	\$ 666,722	\$ 641,012

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Early Retirement Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the College's total OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1%	Current	1%
	(4.20% current, 3.00% ultimate)	(5.20% current, 4.00% ultimate)	(6.20% current, 5.00% ultimate)
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase
OPEB Liability Using Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	\$ 619,640	\$ 666,722	\$ 721,055

NOTE 13 BOARD CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The College's board of education is made up of seven elected members. The College did not purchase any supplies from any of the board members during fiscal year 2021-2022.

NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received and expended by the College under various federal and state grants, contracts and other programs are subject to audit and potential disallowance. From time to time the College is named as a defendant in legal proceedings or cited in regulatory actions related to the conduct of its operations. In the normal course of business, the College also has various other commitments and contingent liabilities which are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. In the opinion of management, the College will not be affected materially by the final outcome of any of these proceedings, or insufficient information exists to make an opinion.

NOTE 15 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 29, 2022, the College issued a \$3,058,000 full faith and credit financing loan to finance the Ellucian Company ERP software agreement. The loan bears an interest rate of 4.64 percent and matures on June 1, 2037.

On December 8, 2022, the College signed an agreement with Ellucian Company L.P. for the access and use of ERP software from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2027. The College will pay \$973,353 in professional fees and lease payments totaling \$2,689,230 to be paid over the five-year period.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Clatsop Community College SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

		(a)	Cont	(b) ributions in		(a-b)	(c)	(b/c) Contributions
Year	S	Statutorily	Rela	ition to the	(Contribution	College's	as a Percent
Ended	F	Required	Statuto	orily Required		Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
June 30,	Co	ontribution	Co	ntribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2022	\$	965,519	\$	965,519	\$	-	\$ 7,722,959	12.50%
2021		679,471		679,471		-	8,072,763	8.42%
2020		697,341		697,341		-	8,154,312	8.55%
2019		436,487		436,487		-	7,688,924	5.68%
2018		374,705		374,705		-	7,135,037	5.25%
2017		215,846		215,846		-	6,606,897	3.27%
2016		306,963		306,963		-	6,481,333	4.74%
2015		347,599		347,599		-	6,298,140	5.52%
2014		343,630		343,630		-	6,164,785	5.57%

Clatsop Community College SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	(a)		(b)	(c)	(b/c) College's	
					Proportionate	
					Share of the Net	Plan Fiduciary
	College's		College's		Pension Liability	Net Position as
Year	Proportion of	Propo	ortionate Share	College's	(Asset) as a	a Percentage
Ended	the Net Pension	of th	e Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of its	of the Total
* June 30,	Liability (Asset)	Lia	bility (Asset)	 Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Liability
2021	0.05417102%	\$	6,482,364	\$ 8,072,763	80.30%	87.60%
2020	0.05139604%		11,216,384	8,154,312	137.55%	75.80%
2019	0.04356747%		7,536,129	7,688,924	98.01%	80.20%
2018	0.04078398%		6,178,236	7,135,037	86.59%	82.10%
2017	0.04170001%		5,621,177	6,606,897	85.08%	83.10%
2016	0.03822211%		5,738,026	6,481,333	88.53%	80.50%
2015	0.03901406%		2,239,977	6,298,140	35.57%	91.90%
2014	0.03472124%		(787,026)	6,164,785	-12.77%	103.60%
2013	0.03472124%		1,771,876	5,462,769	32.44%	91.97%

^{*} As of measurement ending date.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE, EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS, AND CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AMD RELATED RATIOS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net PERS RHIA OPEB Liability*

	(a)		(b)	(c)	(b/c) College's	
					Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
	College's				Share of the	Net Position
	Proportion of	C	ollege's		Net Pension	as a
	the Net	Prop	oortionate		Liability/Asset	Percentage
Year	Pension	Sha	are of the	College's	as a Percentage	of Total
Ended	Liability	Net	Pension	Covered	of its Covered	Pension
* June 30,	(Asset)	Liabi	lity (Asset)	 Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2021	0.04405275%	\$	(151,277)	\$ 8,072,763	-1.87%	183.90%
2020	0.05750668%		(117,176)	8,154,312	-1.44%	150.10%
2019	0.06204822%		(119,900)	7,688,924	-1.56%	144.38%
2018	0.05601283%		(62,526)	7,135,037	-0.88%	124.00%
2017	0.05430037%		(22,662)	6,606,897	-0.34%	108.88%
2016	0.05832541%		15,839	6,481,333	0.24%	94.15%
* As of massurem	ant anding data					

^{*} As of measurement ending date.

Schedule of the College's PERS RHIA OPEB Employer Contribution*

		(a)	Cont	(b) ributions in		(a-b)		(c)	(b/c)
			Rela	tion to the					Contributions
Year	Con	tractually	Cor	ntractually	Con	itribution	(College's	as a Percent
Ended	Re	equired	R	equired	De	ficiency		Covered	of Covered
June 30,	Con	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(E	xcess)		Payroll	Payroll
2022	\$	46,164	\$	46,164	\$	-	\$	7,722,959	0.60%
2021		1,179		1,179		-		8,072,763	0.01%
2020		4,107		4,107		-		8,154,312	0.05%
2019		30,752		30,752		-		7,688,924	0.40%
2018		27,453		27,453		-		7,135,037	0.38%
2017		26,910		26,910		-		6,606,897	0.41%
2016		27,337		27,337		-		6,481,333	0.42%
2015		29,707		29,707		-		6,298,140	0.47%
2014		29,186		29,186		-		6,164,785	0.47%

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE, EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS, AND CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AMD RELATED RATIOS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of the College's Total Early Retirement OPEB Liability*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 55,848	\$ 55,101	\$ 46,192	\$ 44,630	\$ 36,739
Interest	13,866	21,427	33,870	32,005	27,346
Change of Benefit Terms	(232,649)	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Exp	12,657	-	-	-	-
Changes in Assumptions - Other	(78,935)	-	24,076	111,413	-
Contributions - Employer - Implicit Subsidy	-	-	(8,597)	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(46,164)	(63,284)	(47,392)	(54,136)	(56,294)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(275,377)	13,244	48,149	133,912	7,791
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	942,099	928,855	880,706	746,794	739,003
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 666,722	\$ 942,099	\$ 928,855	\$ 880,706	\$ 746,794
Covered Employee Payroll	\$7,675,813	\$8,439,713	\$8,154,312	\$5,671,734	\$5,479,936
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of the Covered Employee Payroll	8.69%	11.16%	11.39%	15.53%	13.63%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 20222

	Current	Funds			Plan	t Funds							Total All
ASSETS	Unrestricted	Restricted	Une	expended	Retire	ement of	Inv	estment in Plant	Long-Term Debt		ubs and anizations Fund		mary Funds emorandum Only)
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,887,118	\$ 338,224	\$	204,063	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,114,578	\$	57,906	\$	3,601,889
Receivables:													
Property Taxes	320,312	-		-		-		-	-		-		320,312
Governmental	934,270	-		-		-		-	-		-		934,270
Student Receivables (Less Allowance													
for Doubtful Accounts)	161,146	-		-		-		-	-		-		161,146
Inventories	106,628	-		-		-		-	-		-		106,628
Total OPEB Asset	151,277	-		-		-		-	-		-		151,277
Property, Buildings, and Equipment:													
Land	-	-		-		-		950,208	-		-		950,208
Land Improvements	-	_		-		-		166,599	-		-		166,599
Accumulated Depreciation	-	_		_		-		(166,599)	-		-		(166,599)
Buildings	_	_		-		-		56,966,643	-		-		56,966,643
Accumulated Depreciation	_	_		_		_		17,500,738)	_		-		(17,500,738)
Equipment	_	_		_		_	`	3,636,418	_		_		3,636,418
Accumulated Depreciation	_	_		_		_		(3,179,335)	_		_		(3,179,335)
Library Books	_	_		_		_		147,278	_		_		147,278
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-		-		-		(147,278)	-		-		(147,278)
Right of Use Assets	-	-		-		-			-		-		
<u> </u>	-	-		-		-		46,840	-		-		46,840
Accumulated Amortization	-	-		-		-		(13,709)	-		-		(13,709)
Other Assets Total Assets	43,300		_	-	_		_	-	-	_	-	_	43,300
Total Assets	\$ 3,604,051	\$ 338,224	\$	204,063	\$		\$	40,906,327	\$ 1,114,578	\$	57,906	\$	46,225,149
Deferred Outflow of Resources													
PERS	\$ 4,443,649	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,443,649
OPEB	82,403	-		-		-		-	-		-		82,403
Loss on Refunding				321,977		-					-		321,977
Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 4,526,052	\$ -	\$	321,977	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	4,848,029
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities													
Accounts Payable	\$ 247,571	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	247,571
Accrued Liabilities	1,083,703	-		-		-		-	-		-		1,083,703
Miscellaneous Deposits	894	-		-		-		-	-		-		894
Due to Student Groups													
and Agencies	30,000	-		-		-		-	-		-		30,000
Deferred Revenues	66,414	338,224		-		-		-	-		-		404,638
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-		15,117		-		-	-		-		15,117
Other Miscellaneous Liabilities	-	-		358,580		-		-	-		-		358,580
Net Pension Liability	6,482,364	-		-		-		-	-		-		6,482,364
Current Portion of Lease Payable	-	-		-		-		38,440	-		-		38,440
Tax Anticipation Note	1,090,000	_		-		-			-		-		1,090,000
Other Liabilities	1,848	_		_		_		_	_		_		1,848
Long-Term Debt:	,												,
Total OPEB Liability	666,722	_		_		_		_	_		_		666,722
Total Pre-SLRGP	521,998	_						_	_				521,998
Bond Payable	021,000	_	1	0,765,000		_		_	3,940,000		_		14,705,000
Long-Term Portion of Lease Payable	_	_		0,700,000		_		126,045	3,340,000		_		126,045
,	10 101 514	338,224		1 120 607				164,485	3,940,000				
Total Liabilities	10,191,514	330,224		1,138,697				104,465	3,940,000				25,772,920
Deferred Inflows	5 700 007												5 700 007
PERS Deferred Inflow	5,722,007	-		-		-		-	-		-		5,722,007
OPEB Deferred Inflow	111,952			-		-		-					111,952
Total Deferred Inflows Fund Balances	5,833,959							<u> </u>				_	5,833,959
Unrestricted	(8,046,647)	_		204,063		_		-	(2,825,422)		57,906		(10,610,100)
	,	-		207,000		-		-	(2,020,422)		57,300		
Restricted - OPEB Asset	151,277	-	/-	0.046.700		-		40 744 040	-		-		151,277
Net Investment in Plant	(7.005.075)		_	0,816,720)				40,741,842	(0.005.105)	_	-		29,925,122
Total Fund Balances	(7,895,370)		(1	0,612,657)				40,741,842	(2,825,422)		57,906		19,466,299
Total Liabilities, Deferred	A 0.400.400	ф осо со:	•	500.040	•		•	40.000.00=	0 4444575	_	F7 000	^	E4 070 170
Inflow and Fund Balances	\$ 8,130,103	\$ 338,224	\$	526,040	\$	<u>_</u>	\$	40,906,327	\$ 1,114,578	\$	57,906	\$	51,073,178

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Current Funds			Plant Funds				Total All
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unexpended	Retirement of Indebtedness	Investment in Plant	Debt Service Fund	Clubs and Organizations Fund	Funds (Memorandum Only)
REVENUES									
Local Sources	\$ 4,857,984	\$ 366,604	\$ 5,224,588	\$ 791,140	\$ 956,258	\$ -	\$ 685,269	\$ -	\$ 7,657,255
State Appropriations	4,191,126	600,545	4,791,671	-	-	-	-	-	4,791,671
Government Grants and									
Contracts	53,607	4,505,919	4,559,526	-	-	-	-	-	4,559,526
Tuition and Fees	2,463,493	11,713	2,475,206	-	-	-	-	-	2,475,206
Investment Income	21,517	-	21,517	-	-	-	2,459	-	23,976
Other Additions	990,551	478,314	1,468,865	1,047,131		111,507		15,303	2,642,806
Total Revenues	12,578,278	5,963,095	18,541,373	1,838,271	956,258	111,507	687,728	15,303	22,150,440
EXPENDITURES AND MANDATORY TRANSFERS Educational and General:									
Instruction	5,223,369	174,342	5,397,711	_	_	_	_	-	5,397,711
Instructional Support	1,748,430	284,949	2,033,379	_	_	_	_	_	2,033,379
Student Services	1,505,584	1,173,112	2,678,696	-	-	_	_	17,908	2,696,604
Institutional Support (Admin.)	3,325,649	831,124	4,156,773	-	-	-	_	-	4,156,773
Operation and Maintenance									
of Plant	1,545,460	-	1,545,460	-	_	-	_	-	1,545,460
Community Services	18,088	445,656	463,744	-	-	-	-	1,239	464,983
Depreciation and									
Amortization Expense	-	-	-	57,419	-	1,779,457	-	-	1,836,876
Expended for Equipment									
and Facilities	-	-	-	41,627	-	-	-	-	41,627
Principal Expense	-	-	-	-	1,165,000	-	-	-	1,165,000
Interest Expense	-	-	-	15,117	336,158	15,722	215,222	-	582,219
GASB Pension	(65,236)	-	(65,236)	-	-	-	-	-	(65,236)
OPEB Expense	(214,755)	-	(214,755)	-	-	-	-	-	(214,755)
Other	100,966	-	100,966	-	550	(33,728)	-	-	67,788
Financial Aid	109,381	3,138,970	3,248,351						3,248,351
Total Educational									
and General	13,296,936	6,048,153	19,345,089	114,163	1,501,708	1,761,451	215,222	19,147	22,956,780
NONMANDATORY									
TRANSFERS, NET	86,349	(85,058)	1,291	545,450	(545,450)		-	(1,291)	<u> </u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FUND BALANCES	(805,007)	-	(805,007)	1,178,658	-	(1,649,944)	472,506	(2,553)	(806,340)
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2021 Unrestricted Net Investment in Plant	(7,090,363)	- -	(7,090,363)	178,146 (11,969,461)	<u>-</u>	- 42,391,786	(3,297,928)	60,459	(10,149,686) 30,422,325
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2022	\$ (7,895,370)	\$ -	\$ (7,895,370)	\$ (10,612,657)	\$ -	\$ 40,741,842	\$ (2,825,422)	\$ 57,906	\$ 19,466,299

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

General Fund	GAAP Actual	GAAP	Budgetary Basis Actual	Budgeted Amount	(Over) Under
REVENUES	GAAP Actual	Adjustments	Basis Actual	Amount	Budget
State Sources	\$ 4,191,126	\$ -	\$ 4,191,126	\$ 4,218,224	\$ 27,098
Federal Sources	53,607	-	53,607	5,000	(48,607)
Local Sources:	33,331		00,00.	0,000	(10,001)
Current Year Property Taxes	5,094,248	-	5,094,248	4,784,817	(309,431)
Prior Years Property Taxes	193,370	_	193,370	150,000	(43,370)
Tuition and Fees	2,463,493	_	2,463,493	3,278,631	815,138
All Other	1,012,068	_	1,012,068	3,164,100	2,152,032
Total Revenues	13,007,912	-	13,007,912	15,600,772	2,592,860
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	5,223,369	-	5,223,369	5,708,351	484,982
Support Services	8,125,123	-	8,125,123	8,371,021	245,898
Public Service	18,088	-	18,088	82,653	64,565
All Other	(69,644)	279,991	210,347	662,467	452,120
Total Expenditures	13,296,936	279,991	13,576,927	14,824,492	1,247,565
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(289,024)	(279,991)	(569,015)	776,280	1,345,295
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers In	212,936	-	212,936	77,535	(135,401)
Transfers Out	(728,919)		(728,919)	(853,815)	124,896
Total Other					
Financing Uses	(515,983)		(515,983)	(776,280)	(10,505)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(805,007)	(279,991)	(1,084,998)	-	1,334,790
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(7,090,363)		2,446,011		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (7,895,370)	\$ (279,991)	\$ 1,361,013	\$ -	\$ -

GAAP adjustments are for the annual accruals for compensated absences and other GASB adjustments not budgeted by the College. (Note for the current year, there is a resulting positive amount as the GASB adjustments related to PERS and OPEB were negative.)

General Fund

The *General Fund* accounts for all current financial resources not required to be accounted for in other funds. The major sources of revenues are property taxes, timber revenues, state school support, and tuition and fees. The major expenditures are personnel and related costs, materials and services, and capital improvements.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – AUXILIARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Auxiliary Enterprises Fund	GAAP Actual	GAAP Adjustments	Budgetary Basis Actual	Budgeted Amount	(Over) Under Budget
REVENUES					
Bookstore Sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
All Other					
Total Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES					
Total Instruction	-	-	-	-	-
Total Support Services	-	-	-	-	-
Total Public Service	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures		-	-	-	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers In	497,754	-	497,754	793,315	(295,561)
Transfers Out	(68,120)		(68,120)	(77,535)	9,415
Total Other					
Financing Uses	429,634		429,634	715,780	(286,146)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	429,634	-	429,634	715,780	(286,146)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(779,195)		(429,634)	(715,780)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (349,561)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Auxiliary Enterprises Fund

The *Auxiliary Enterprises Fund* accounts for transactions of substantially all self-supporting auxiliary activities that perform services primarily to students, faculty, and staff. These activities are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is to ensure that costs are financed primarily through user charges. The College uses the Auxiliary Enterprises Fund to account for the operations of its bookstore, cafeteria, and M/V Forerunner, a teaching and research vessel. The fund was eliminated due to the long-standing negative fund balance and the downward revenue trends for the bookstore. This activity is now reported in the general fund.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – RESTRICTED FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Restricted Fund	G	AAP Actual	GAAP Adjustments		Budgetary Basis Actual		Budgeted Amount	(O	ver) Under Budget
REVENUES		7 0 11 7 10 10 10 1	, taja 0 a. 110	_	240.0 / 10144.		7 11110 1111		244901
Federal Sources	\$	4,505,919	\$ -		\$ 4,505,919	\$	4,636,919	\$	131,000
State Sources		600,545	-		600,545		779,716		179,171
Local Sources		366,604	-		366,604		374,207		7,603
Tuition and Fees		11,713	-		11,713		20,000		8,287
Other		478,314	-		478,314		738,771		260,457
Total Revenues		5,963,095	-		5,963,095		6,549,613		586,518
EXPENDITURES									
Total Instruction		174,342	-		174,342		174,687		345
Total Support Services		2,289,185	-		2,289,185		2,694,627		405,442
Total Public Service		445,656	-		445,656		477,111		31,455
All Other		3,138,970	-		3,138,970		3,279,349		140,379
Total Expenditures		6,048,153			6,048,153	_	6,625,774		577,621
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(85,058)	-		(85,058)		(76,161)		8,897
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers In		85,058		_	85,058		76,161		(8,897)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		-	-		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year							<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$ -	=	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>	\$	

Restricted Fund

The **Restricted Fund** consists of student financial aid programs and special grant projects. State and federal funding is received to support student financial aid programs. These programs include Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), Direct and Need Based Loans, and Federal Work Study. Resources, in support of special grant projects, are received from federal, state, and local sources and expended for specific grant requirements.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – UNEXPENDED PLANT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Unexpended Plant Fund	GAAP Actual	GAAP Adjustments	Budgetary Basis Actual	Budgeted Amount	(Over) Under Budget
REVENUES					
Timber Sales	\$ 791,140	\$ (178,148)	\$ 612,992	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 387,008
Other	1,047,131	(1,047,131)		20,583,567	20,583,567
Total Revenues	1,838,271	(1,225,279)	612,992	21,583,567	20,970,575
EXPENDITURES					
All Other Expenditures	114,163	(72,536)	41,627	20,606,367	20,564,740
Total Expenditures	114,163	(72,536)	41,627	20,606,367	20,564,740
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,724,108	(1,152,743)	571,365	977,200	405,835
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers Out to Debt Service	(545,450)		(545,450)	(977,200)	431,750
Total Other					
Financing Uses	(545,450)		(545,450)	(977,200)	431,750
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	1,178,658	(1,152,743)	25,915	-	837,585
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(11,791,315		178,148		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (10,612,657)	\$ (1,152,743)	\$ 204,063	\$ -	\$ -

GAAP adjustments represent current year adjustments required to be included in budgetary actual amounts that are not included in GAAP Actual.

Unexpended Plant Fund

The *Unexpended Plant Fund* accounts for resources available to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of plant assets for the College.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – PLANT – RETIREMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Plant - Retirement of Indebtedness	GA	AP Actual		AAP stments		Budgetary asis Actual	 Budgeted Amount	•	r) Under udget
REVENUES	\$	956,258	\$	-	\$	956,258	\$ 956,258	\$	-
EXPENDITURES		1,501,708				1,501,708	 1,502,458		750
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(545,450)		-		(545,450)	(546,200)		750
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In from Unexpended Plant Total Other		545,450				545,450	546,200		(750)
Financing Sources		545,450				545,450	 546,200		(750)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-	-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year							 		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		\$ _	\$	_
	Plan	nt – Retire	ment (of Indeb	tedr	ness			

The **Plant – Retirement of Indebtedness Fund** accounts for the payment of principal, interest, and other debt service charges, including contributions for sinking funds relating to debt incurred in financing College plant assets.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Debt Service Fund	G	AAP Actual	Ac	GAAP djustments	udgetary sis Actual	E	Budgeted Amount	(O	ver) Under Budget
REVENUES									
Other Local Revenue	\$	685,269	\$	-	\$ 685,269	\$	1,092,777	\$	407,508
Investment Income		2,459			 2,459		-		2,459
Total Revenues		687,728		-	687,728		1,092,777		409,967
EXPENDITURES									
Total Other Uses		215,222		515,000	730,222		1,092,777		362,555
Total Expenditures		215,222		515,000	730,222		1,092,777		362,555
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		472,506		(515,000)	(42,494)		-		47,412
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		(3,297,928)			 907,283				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	(2,825,422)	\$	(515,000)	\$ 864,789	\$	-	\$	

GAAP adjustments represent current year adjustments required to be included in budgetary actual amounts that are not included in GAAP Actual.

Debt Service Fund

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for resources used to pay for debt incurred by the College not related to physical plant borrowings.

CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPARED WITH BUDGET – CLUBS AND ORGANIZATIONS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Actual .mount	Budgete Amoun		(Over) Under Budget
\$ 15,303	\$ 67,	214 \$	51,911
15,303	67,	214	51,911
17,908	58,	118	40,210
-		286	286
 1,239	10,	810	9,571
19,147	69,	214	50,067
(3,844)	(2,	000)	1,844
2,191	3,	000	809
 (900)	(1,	000)	(100)
1,291	2,	000	709
(2,553)		-	2,553
 60,459			
\$ 57,906	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>
\$	\$ 15,303 15,303 17,908 - 1,239 19,147 (3,844) 2,191 (900) 1,291 (2,553)	Amount Amount \$ 15,303 \$ 67, 15,303 67, 17,908 58, - 1,239 10, 19,147 69, (3,844) (2, 2,191 3, (900) (1, 1,291 2, (2,553) 60,459	Amount Amount \$ 15,303 \$ 67,214 \$ 15,303 \$ 67,214 17,908 58,118 - 286 1,239 10,810 19,147 69,214 (3,844) (2,000) 2,191 3,000 (900) (1,000) 1,291 2,000 (2,553) - 60,459 -

Clubs and Organization Fund

The Clubs and Organizations accounts for resources held by the College as custodian or fiscal agent for students, faculty, staff, and other organizations.

REPORTING REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Education Clatsop Community College Astoria, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Audit Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Clatsop Community College (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2022.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clatsop Community College's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The discretely presented component unit was not tested for compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to, the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

Board of Education Clatsop Community College

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe Clatsop Community College was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of education, management of Clatsop Community College, and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 28, 2022

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