# **CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP









# Clatsop Community College Clatsop County, Oregon

#### **Annual Financial Statements**

Year Ended June 30, 2017



#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

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1651 Lexington Avenue
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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Directors Clatsop Community College Astoria, Oregon

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Clatsop Community College, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position, the business-type activities, and the discretely presented component unit of Clatsop Community College as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13, the schedule of contributions and schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 50, and schedule of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) funding progress on page 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clatsop Community College's basic financial statements. The balance sheet, schedule of changes in fund balances, and schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance compared with budget listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The balance sheet, schedule of changes in fund balances, schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance compared with budget, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2017, on our consideration of Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion the effectiveness of the Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2017, on our consideration of Clatsop Community College's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations contracts, and grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* in considering Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 12, 2017

Caroline Wright, CPA

Director

Oregon License #13852 Municipal License #1569

#### Introduction

This section of Clatsop Community College's (the College) annual audit presents an analysis of the financial activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. It is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes, and current known facts. This discussion has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related footnote disclosures and should be read in conjunction with them. Consequently, management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The College's primary funding source is public support from local property tax supplemented by grants-in-aid received from the state of Oregon. The primary basis of state support is the calculation of student Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs). During the 2016-2017 academic year, total reported reimbursable FTEs were 1,426.82 as contrasted to 1,253.23 in the 2015-2016 academic year with the "hold harmless" factor to fall term enrollment applied to both years. As FTE enrollment for which the College could be reimbursed by the state's enrollment management formula was capped at 1,321, enrollment exceeded the cap by 105.82 SFTE.
- Significant expense reductions in FY12 resized the institution and provided fiscal sustainability
  with continued focus on monitoring student enrollment, annual revenue and expenses closely
  for material variances from budget estimates. The 2016-17 planning priorities included
  investment in new program development, student retention and support services with an
  increase in general fund reserves.
- During the 2016-17 fiscal year, the College provided more than \$2.8 million in financial aid to students. This aid was in the form of grants, scholarships, student employment opportunities, and loans funded through the federal government, state of Oregon, and local funding as shown below.

	 Amount
Federal Work Study (including College match)	\$ 97,052
Federal SEOG	96,216
Federal PELL Grants	1,228,780
Federal Direct Student Loans	841,170
CCC Foundation Scholarships	108,767
Oregon Need & Oregon Promise Grant	334,289
Institutional Waivers and Grants	 105,010
Total Financial Aid Provided to Students	\$ 2,811,284

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the College's basic financial statements, which are comprised of entity-wide financial statements prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements including debt compliance reporting. The entity-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the College's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between those reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are indicators of the improvement or erosion of the College's financial health when considered along with nonfinancial facts such as enrollment levels and the condition of the facilities.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the year. All changes in net position are reported under the accrual basis of accounting, or as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing when the cash is received or disbursed. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The utilization of long-lived assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of the capital asset over the expected useful life. Revenues and expenses are reported as either operating or nonoperating, with operating revenues primarily coming from tuition, grants, and contracts. State appropriations, property taxes, and Pell grants for students are classified as nonoperating revenues.

The statement of cash flows presents information on cash flows from operating activities, noncapital financial activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities. It provides the net increase or decrease in cash between the beginning and end of the fiscal year. This statement assists in evaluating financial viability and the College's ability to meet financial obligations as they become due.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the entity-wide financial statements.

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole

# **Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting presentation used by most private colleges. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, and is one measure of the financial condition of the College.

# Fiscal Year 2017 Compared to 2016

	2017	2016	Percent Change
ASSETS Current Assets	\$ 7,983,958	\$ 7,110,029	12%
Noncurrent Assets: Other Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	- 46,239,186	- 38,399,778	- 20
Total Assets	\$ 54,223,144	\$ 45,509,807	19
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 3,574,373	\$ 823,277	334
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent Portion	\$ 4,462,199 27,459,001	\$ 4,253,068 24,918,612	5 10
Total Liabilities	\$ 31,921,200	\$ 29,171,680	9
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 153,726	\$ 543,396	(72)
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 29,858,669 1,201,085 (5,337,163)	\$ 21,091,719 3,775,707 (8,249,418)	42 (68) 35
Total Net Position	\$ 25,722,591	\$ 16,618,008	55

At June 30, 2017, the College's assets increased to approximately \$54.2 million. The majority of the increase is directly related to the investment in Patriot Hall. The College's current assets of \$8.0 million and the \$4.4 million in current liabilities represent a current ratio of 1.78 in comparison to 1.69 in the prior year. Efforts to improve cash flow have reached a sustainable level and no cash flow borrowing was required. Cash and investments of nearly \$3.9 million represent \$3.3 million for the Patriot Hall redevelopment project and timber proceeds. The remaining current assets are made up of receivables from property taxes, governmental receivables and student receivables. Capital assets increased to \$46.2 million compared to \$38.4 million in 2016 mostly as a result of the Patriot Hall Redevelopment project. Patriot Hall opened July 10, 2017.

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole

Deferred outflows of resources increased to \$3.574 million compared to \$823 thousand in 2016. The large increase is related to the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), \$2.965 million and the 2016 loss on refunding for the 2009 general obligation bonds.

The College's current liabilities of \$4.5 million consist primarily of payroll, various payables for operations, unearned revenues, and the current portion of long-term debt: waterline to the Marine and Environmental Research Training Station (MERTS), pension bond obligations and facilities bond obligations. Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$2.5 million due to a large increase in Net Pension Liability. Noncurrent liabilities consist of long-term debt: waterline to MERTS, pension bond obligations, facilities bond obligations, and the liability to record Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB).

Deferred inflows of resources decreased to \$154 thousand compared to \$543 thousand in 2016.

Within net position, the "capital assets - net" amounts to \$29.9 million, an increase of \$8.8 million over the prior year. This amount represents the College's plant and equipment, less accumulated depreciation and related debt. The increase represents the investment in the Patriot Hall Redevelopment project.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present the operating results of the College, as well as the nonoperating revenues and expenses. Annual state reimbursements, property taxes and Pell grants for students, while budgeted for operations, are considered nonoperating revenues according to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America.

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#### Fiscal Year 2017 Compared to 2016

				Percent
		2017	2016	Change
Total Operating Revenues	\$	4,598,570	\$ 4,202,275	9%
Total Operating Expenses		14,100,706	14,636,035	(4)
Operating Loss		(9,502,136)	(10,433,760)	(9)
Nonoperating Revenues, Net		18,606,719	12,639,828	47
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		9,104,583	2,206,068	313
Net Position - Beginning of Year		16,618,008	14,411,940	15
N. D. W. E. L. OV	_			
Net Position - End of Year	\$	25,722,591	\$ 16,618,008	55

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

#### Revenues

The most significant sources of operating revenue for the College are tuition and fees, financial aid, grants and contracts from federal, state, other local sources, and auxiliary services. Tuition and fees includes all amounts paid for educational purposes and totaled \$2 million, net of scholarship allowances and aid paid to students, \$105,010 and \$906,281, respectively (see page 16 for more detail). Financial aid, grants, and contracts (not including Pell grants) totaled \$2.0 million. Auxiliary services consist of operations that furnish goods or services to students, faculty, staff, or the general public and charge a fee directly related to the cost of these goods or services. They consist of bookstore and vessel operations. Auxiliary services revenue amounted to \$362 thousand. Other local sources were \$104 thousand.

The College's major sources of nonoperating revenue are from property taxes and timber revenues (\$6.9 million), funding for operations from the state of Oregon (\$2.4 million), and Pell grants for students (\$1.2 million). Investment income of \$63 thousand consists primarily of interested earned on the Patriot Hall Redevelopment Project.

Major Clatsop County Taxpayers are Provided Below:

Fiscal Year 2017
Clatsop Community College

		<u> </u>			
Taxpayer	Business/Service	Tax	As	ssessed Value	Percent of Value
Georgia Pacific Consumer Products	Paper Manufacturing	\$1,937,684	\$	194,702,914	3.29%
L&C Tree Farms LLC	Forest Products	925,755		21,074,455	0.36%
WorldMark The Club	Timeshare Resort	567,792		9,380,215	0.16%
PacifiCorp (Pacific Power)	Electrical Utility	531,905		42,960,000	0.73%
Northwest Natural Gas Co.	Natural Gas Utility	493,960		39,060,000	0.66%
Hampton Lumber Mills Inc.	Forest Products	433,441		37,702,625	0.64%
Charter Communication	Telecommunications	411,599		29,804,000	0.50%
Western Generation Agency	Electrical Utility	287,880		29,000,000	0.49%
Weyerhaeuser Columbia Timberlands LLC	Forest Products	279,907		9,045,883	0.15%
Georgia Pacific Consumer Prod LP	Forest Products	260,666		26,258,557	0.44%
Subtotal - ten of County's largest taxpayers				438,988,649	7.41%
All other County's taxpayers				5,486,418,010	92.59%
Total District			\$	5,925,406,659	100.00%

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

# **Real Market Value**

	M5 Real Market	Total Assessed	Urban Renewal	Net Assessed
Fiscal Year	Value	Value	Excess	Value
2017	\$ 8,326,584,223	\$ 6,060,813,093	\$ 135,406,434	\$ 5,925,406,659
2016	7,933,131,303	5,876,087,187	127,452,672	5,748,634,515
2015	10,313,180,487	7,782,736,040	116,124,355	7,764,064,554
2014	7,281,392,025	5,534,159,999	179,596,756	5,354,563,243
2013	7,254,191,848	5,249,149,439	171,485,547	5,077,663,892
2012	7,704,823,561	5,132,363,950	157,514,983	4,974,848,967
2011	8,128,017,096	5,006,555,416	152,080,427	4,854,474,989
2010	8,855,704,653	4,917,937,839	134,034,366	4,783,903,473

#### **Expenses**

Operating expenses totaling \$14.1 million include salaries and benefits, materials and supplies, utilities, scholarships, and depreciation. The greatest percentage of expenses is instruction and instructional support (41%). Student financial aid represents 6% which includes federal, state, and institutional aid to students to pay the costs of education. Student services expenses (15%) provide support to students for activities that occur outside the classroom and include enrollment services, counseling, and financial aid assistance. Institutional support (15%) represents the operational aspects of the College, including the administration, business office, and computer services. The general fund provides resources, as needed, to balance the auxiliary fund. The following chart shows expenses by category and percentage change compared to 2016 for the College:

	Act	2017 ual Expense	Ac	2016 tual Expense	Percent Change
Educational and General:					
Instruction	\$	4,393,543	\$	4,702,329	(7)%
Instructional Support		1,369,483		1,486,363	(8)
Student Services		2,046,916		2,312,565	(11)
Institutional Support		2,165,134		2,402,729	(10)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,221,587		1,191,000	3
Auxiliary Enterprises		382,660		401,489	(5)
Community Services		264,698		290,061	(9)
Student Financial Aid		853,522		725,177	18
Other Expense		203,892		1,872	10,792
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		1,199,271		1,122,450	7
Total Operating Expenses	\$	14,100,706	\$	14,636,035	(4)

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

This statement provides an assessment of the financial health of the College. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of the College during a period.

The statement of cash flows also helps users assess the ability to meet obligations as they come due and the need for external financing.

# Fiscal Year 2017 Compared to 2016

	2017	2016	Percent Change
Cash Provided (Used) by:			
Operating Activities	\$ (8,728,341)	\$ (7,135,415)	22 %
Noncapital Financing Activities	18,793,514	10,580,404	78
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(11,198,428)	(8,808,927)	27
Investing Activities	 63,072	 57,414	10
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	 (1,070,183)	 (5,306,524)	(80)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 4,997,008	 10,303,532	(52)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 3,926,825	\$ 4,997,008	(21)

# **Operating Activities**

The major sources of funds included in operating activities include student tuition and fees, federal financial aid, grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprises. Major uses were payments made to employees and suppliers, and for student financial aid and other scholarships. The College's cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1.0 million as a result of the Patriot Hall Redevelopment project.

#### **Noncapital Financing Activities**

State FTE reimbursements and property taxes are the primary sources of noncapital financing. Accounting standards require that these sources of revenue be reported as nonoperating even though the College depends on these revenues to continue the current level of operations.

#### **Capital Financing Activities**

The College completed a refunding of the 2009 \$5,000,000 General Obligation Bond on July 7, 2016. The aggregate principal amount of the bond is \$3,985,000 at 100% par value. The district will pay all accrued interest at 1.85% semiannually.

Additionally, a capital lease with Dell for a Brocade virtual server upgraded the College wi-fi technology. The principal investment is \$117,897 paid over a five year term. Balance at June 30, 2017 is \$101,274.

#### **Investing Activities**

The College earned \$63 thousand in interest on bank balances and funds invested in the long-term governmental investment pool.

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The College adopts an annual budget at the fund level, which is under the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. The original budget was amended for the General fund, Auxiliary fund and Unexpended Plant fund. The amendment was necessary due to unknown circumstances at the time the budgets were originally prepared. For more information, please refer to the budgetary schedules as Supplementary Information in the Financial Section of this report.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt**

The College's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$46 million, net of accumulated depreciation. Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and library books. Additional information on the College's capital assets can be found in the footnotes of the report. The Redevelopment of Patriot Hall is in phase three of the Facilities Master Plan with \$7.990 million authorized in 2013 legislation in SB 5507 and the voters approved an \$8.2 million general obligation bond in November 2014. Construction began in July 2015. Patriot Hall opened on July 10, 2017.

The College has loans for a waterline for the MERTS property, energy improvements, PERS pension obligations and facilities bonds obligations. The total outstanding on this debt at June 30, 2017 was \$22.3 million.

#### **Debt Capacity**

ORS 341.675 establishes a parameter of general obligation bonded indebtedness for community colleges. Community Colleges may issue an aggregate principal amount up to 1.5% of the Real Market Value of all taxable properties within the district if the district's voters approve the general obligation bonds. Real Market Value for 2017 is \$8.327 billion. The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009, for \$5 million has \$450,000 remaining after the 2016 refunding, \$3.927 million in 2016 refinanced issue and Series 2015, for \$7.595 million outstanding debt subject to the limit. The district has 9.59% issued compared to total debt capacity.

Real Market Value (Fiscal Year 2017)	\$ 8,326,584,223
Debt Capacity	
General Obligation Debt Capacity (1.50% of Real Market Value)  Less: Outstanding Debt Subject to Limit  Remaining General Obligation Debt Capacity	\$ 124,898,763 (11,972,000) 112,926,763
Percent of Capacity Issued	9.59%

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

#### **Debt Ratios**

#### Fiscal Year 2017

Real Market Value	\$ 8,326,584,223	
Estimated Population	38,632	
Per Capita Real Market Value	\$ 215,536	
	Gross Direct	Net Direct
Debt Information	Debt*	Debt
District Direct Debt	\$ 22,270,170	\$ 22,270,170
Overlapping Direct Debt	 N/A	 N/A
Total Direct Debt	\$ 22,270,170	\$ 22,270,170
Bonded Debt Ratios		
District Direct Debt to Real Market Value	0.27%	0.27%
Total Direct Debt to Real Market Value	0.27%	0.27%
Per Capita District Direct Debt	\$ 576	\$ 576
Per Capita Total Direct Debt	\$ 576	\$ 576

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 9 Long-Term Debt Schedule

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The Budget Advisory Committee, established by the President in 2012, is part of the College's participatory governance structure to inform all constituent groups about resources and spending. The 2017-18 general fund operating budget was developed using guiding principles and priorities to invest in new program development, student retention and support services. State funding for community colleges has improved in the 2017-19 to \$2.595 million and \$2.692 million, respectively, based on a \$570 million community college funding level (Source, Final Distribution Formula\_October 15<sup>th</sup> 2017 Q2\_10.13.17). The state support funding represents approximately 22% of the College's annual revenue based on the funding formula allocation. The College's percentage of total formula allocation has increased from .80% in 2016 to .90% in 2017. Alternative revenue sources and establishing community partnerships while reducing expenditures will continue to be necessary to ensure expenditures are within available resources. Significant expenditure reductions were made in FY12 and sustained through FY16. Efforts to invest in student retention and support services have been a focus of budget development in FY17 and FY18. Rebuilding and maintaining the general fund ending fund balance at 15% is a strategic priority.

Debt management and, specifically refunding current debt to lower interest rates, has been a priority. In August 2014, an advance refunding of Full Faith and Credit Obligation (FFCO) issued in 2006 was completed. The advance refunding reduces annual debt payments by an average of \$30 thousand and will save more than \$315 thousand over the remaining debt term. Timber revenue provides resources to meet debt service obligations. Favorable interest rates continued in 2016 and the 2009 General Obligation bonds were refunded to a lower interest rate to pass the savings to the local taxpayers.

Local property tax information (Summary of Property Tax Collections 2016-17) indicates a 2.0% increase in the total certified tax amount for 2017 in Clatsop County. County officials are predicting the total property tax assessed value increase will grow by the statutory 3% in the next budgeting period.

# Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)**

Fall 2017 enrollment reports indicate a decrease of approximately 3% in student enrollment compared to fall 2016. 2017-18 budgetary priorities are to increase student enrollment and retention with the addition of a full-time Spanish/ESL instructor and developing a new Maritime Science Qualified Member of Engineering Department (QMED). Patriot Hall opened July 10, 2017 and is a beautiful new facility for students and community. The additional 36,000 square feet required an additional full-time maintenance assistant. In addition, Clatsop has partnered with Linn-Benton Community College to provide institutional research contracted services.

Restoring the general fund reserve to 15% continues to be a priority for fiscal sustainability and to meet cash flow requirements, which requires close monitoring of actual revenue and expenditures. FY17 did not require cash flow borrowing and represents the progress made toward restoring sufficient reserves.

All three collective bargaining agreements have been successfully and timely completed, which provides administration planning/projection clarity through FY18 for full-time faculty and FY19 for part-time faculty and classified.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Clatsop Community College's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Vice President, Finance & Operations Clatsop Community College 1651 Lexington Avenue Astoria, OR 97103

# CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		Component Unit
ASSETS	Primary Government	Clatsop Community College Foundation
AGGETG		
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables: Property Taxes Governmental Student Receivables, Net Contributions Inventories Other Total Current Assets	\$ 2,633,770 1,293,055 473,764 2,682,491 724,025 - 132,041 44,812 7,983,958	\$ 293,951 2,964,282 - - - 840 - - - 3,259,073
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets - Net Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	46,239,186 46,239,186 \$ 54,223,144	<u>-</u> - \$ 3,259,073
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to Pensions Loss on Refunding	\$ 2,965,301 609,072	\$ - -
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 3,574,373	\$ -

	Primary Government	Component Unit Clatsop Community College Foundation
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,368,216	\$ 18,260
Payroll Liabilities	790,933	Ψ 10,200
Unearned Revenue	820,801	
Due to Student Groups	30,000	-
Accrued Interest Payable	23,928	-
Other Current Liabilities	3,724	-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	1,424,597	<del>-</del>
Total Current Liabilities	4,462,199	18,260
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bonds and Notes Payable, Less Current Portion of		
Long-Term Debt	21,521,072	<del>-</del>
Net Pension Liability	5,738,026	-
Other Postemployment Benefits	199,903	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	27,459,001	
Total Liabilities	\$ 31,921,200	\$ 18,260
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	\$ 153,726	<u> </u>
NET POSITION		
Capital Assets	\$ 46,239,186	\$ -
Less: Related Debt	(16,380,517)	<b>9</b> -
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,858,669	<u> </u>
Restricted - Expendable	1,201,085	2,413,913
Restricted - Unexpendable		586,097
Unrestricted	(5,337,163)	240,803
Total Net Position	\$ 25,722,591	\$ 3,240,813

# CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Primary Government	Component Unit Clatsop Community College Foundation
OPERATING REVENUES		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship		
Allowance of \$1,011,211	\$ 2,090,670	\$ -
Federal Student Financial Aid Grant	184,887	-
State Student Financial Aid Grant	334,289	-
Federal Grants and Contracts	1,160,942	-
State and Local Government Grants and Contracts	360,286	<del>-</del>
Other Local Sources	104,907	568,916
Auxiliary Enterprises	362,589	
Total Operating Revenues	4,598,570	568,916
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Educational and General:		
Instruction	4,393,543	-
Instructional Support	1,369,483	-
Student Services	2,046,916	-
Institutional Support	2,165,134	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,221,587	-
Auxiliary Enterprises	382,660	-
Community Services	264,698	-
Student Financial Aid	853,522	-
Other Expense	203,892	269,209
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	1,199,271	-
Total Operating Expenses	14,100,706	269,209
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(9,502,136	) 299,707
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State FTE Reimbursement	2,410,906	_
Property Taxes and Timber Revenues	6,893,598	_
Investment Income	63,072	-
Other Local Revenue	8,260,011	-
Pell Grants	1,228,780	-
Interest Expense	(249,648	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues	18,606,719	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	9,104,583	299,707
Net Position - Beginning of Year	16,618,008	2,941,106
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 25,722,591	\$ 3,240,813

# CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Component Unit
		Clatsop Community
	Primary	College
	Government	Foundation
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Tuition and Fees	\$ 2,192,690	\$ -
Paid to Students	(853,522)	-
Grants and Contracts	(448,185)	-
Aid Received for Students	519,176	-
Payments to Vendors	(2,220,007)	-
Payments to Employees	(7,925,888)	-
Other	27,466	54,205
Auxiliary Enterprises	(20,071)	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(8,728,341)	54,205
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Local Property Taxes and Timber Revenues	6,893,817	_
State Appropriations and Other Payments	2,410,906	_
Nonoperating Grants	1,228,780	_
Other Local Revenue	8,260,011	_
Direct Lending Receipts	841,170	_
Direct Lending Disbursements	(841,170)	_
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	18,793,514	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Capital Assets	(8,358,589)	_
Bond Proceeds	3,985,000	
Loan Refunding Loss	(408,900)	_
Loan Principal Paid	(5,653,285)	_
Loan Interest Paid	(762,654)	_
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related		
Financing Activities	(11,198,428)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Income (Loss)	63,072	(2,116)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,070,183)	52,089
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	4,997,008	241,862
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,926,825	\$ 293,951

# CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Primary Government		Clatso	ponent Unit p Community College bundation
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(9,502,136)	\$	299,707
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization		1,199,271		-
Change in OPEB Liability		14,708		-
Realized and Unrealized (Gain) Loss on Investments		-		(244,962)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Receivables (Net)		(2,019,119)		-
Contributions Receivable		-		315
Inventories		1,395		-
Other Assets		73,393		-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		657,459		(855)
Payroll Liabilities		63,944		-
Unearned Revenue		151,726		-
Other Current Liabilities		(304)		-
Pension Expense Changes Related to Net Pension Liability		631,322		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(8,728,341)	\$	54,205
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,633,770	\$	293,951
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,293,055		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	3,926,825	\$	293,951

# **NONCASH TRANSACTIONS**

The College acquired capital assets totaling \$117,897 by incurring a capital lease obligation. These assets are not included in the purchase of capital assets amount shown above.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Reporting Entity**

Clatsop Community College (the College) is a public, two-year co-educational institution. The College is a municipal corporation governed under the laws prescribed by the state of Oregon, charged with educating students. A seven-member board of directors is locally elected and is authorized to establish policies governing the operations of the College. It is legally separate and fiscally independent from all other state and local governments. The College is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

In May 2002, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units." This statement amends Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", to provide additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the College is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the College.

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the College includes one discretely presented component unit in its financial statements: the Clatsop Community College Foundation (hereinafter referred to as "the Foundation"). The Foundation is a nonprofit, nongovernmental organization, whose purpose is to provide support for scholarships and programs for the College. The Foundation had an audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Financial information about the Foundation may be obtained from the Foundation at 1651 Lexington Avenue, Astoria, OR 97103.

#### Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the College conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to colleges and universities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash consists of petty cash, cash on deposit with banks, and funds invested with the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which are part of the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). All are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

The Foundation considers all liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, excluding amounts whose use is limited by the board of directors or donor designations.

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Restricted Cash and Investments**

Current restricted cash for the College consists of funds for other grant projects and clubs and organizations \$46,213, \$21,480 for retirement of debt, as well as capital projects \$1,179,605. All funds of the Foundation are in depository accounts at June 30, 2017.

Investments are valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Unrealized and realized gains and losses are allocated to the unrestricted and temporarily restricted net position based upon the restrictions in the underlying investments. Unrealized losses are allocated to temporarily restricted net position only up to the point of previously recognized unrealized gains.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of items held for resale by the bookstore and print shop. They are stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out method.

# **Receivables**

All accounts receivable related to student tuition and fees are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

# Property, Buildings, and Equipment

Property, buildings, and equipment with an acquisition cost in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased, or estimated fair value at the time received in the case of gifts.

Depreciation on College buildings and equipment is recorded using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Computers and Other Technical Equipment	3 Years
Vehicles and All Other Equipment	7 Years
Library Materials and Land Improvements	10 Years
Building and Improvements	40 Years

#### **Capitalized Interest**

Interest incurred during construction is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of investment earnings on invested loan proceeds during the same period. Total interested incurred during the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$754,442. Interest expense capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$504,773.

#### **Accrued Wages and Payroll Costs**

Contracts for faculty begin in September and end in mid-June. All other employee agreements begin July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year and end June 30. All salaries are paid over 12 months. The salary amounts due for payment in July and August are included in accrued liabilities. Benefit payments for July and August are not accrued but rather expensed as paid. The accrued wages at June 30, 2017 were \$335,560.

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Compensated Absences**

Sick leave accumulates, but does not vest until illness occurs. Neither the leave days nor monetary compensation is available upon termination of employment; therefore, no liability for unused sick leave is recorded in the financial statements. Employees may only carry forward the number of vacation hours they have accrued in the previous year.

The College accrues the expense for accumulated vested vacation leave and recognizes the liability as of the end of the fiscal year. The total accumulated vacation liability is included with payroll liabilities on the statement of net position and was \$204,305 at June 30, 2017.

#### **Tuition and Fees and Unearned Revenue**

Tuition and fees include all assessments to students for educational and general purposes. It is stated net of institutional aid provided to students. The College's fiscal year begins with summer term and ends with spring term. Tuition and fees received prior to July 1, 2017 for the College's 2017-2018 summer and fall terms are recorded as unearned revenue. Unearned revenue from tuition and fees was \$657,676 at June 30, 2017.

#### **Retirement Plans**

The College offers several retirement options to qualifying employees: 1) the Oregon State Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), and 2) 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity plans. The expense and liability for contributions to these plans are recorded in the fiscal year in which they are withheld from employees.

# **Special Retirement Benefits**

Until July 1, 2004, the College offered postemployment stipends under a voluntary early retirement program to faculty and classified employees who met certain criteria. Effective July 1, 2004, this postemployment stipend was no longer available to service and supervisory and administrative employees. Postemployment stipends are expensed as paid.

Premium costs of postemployment health insurance are subsidized. Effective July 1, 2004, the amount is capped at the amount of the medical premium the College paid for faculty and classified employees at the time of retirement. This same provision is effective for service and supervisory and administrative employees as of July 1, 2004. Postemployment subsidies of premiums for health insurance are expensed as paid.

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2004, are not eligible to apply for or receive any benefits under this provision.

#### **Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation**

The College implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The net OPEB obligation is recognized as a noncurrent liability in the statement of net position. See Note 6 for more details.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows**

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net position in one period that is applicable to future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that is applicable to future periods. Deferred outflows relate to PERS and loss on refunding. Deferred inflows relate to PERS.

#### **Budgetary Basis**

The financial operations of the various funds of the College on a budgetary basis are presented in individual schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance compared with budget, in the supplemental information section of the financial statements.

#### **Net Position**

The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Restricted – This includes resources that the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted – This includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services or educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the College's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources, and then toward unrestricted resources.

#### **Federal Financial Assistance Programs**

The College participates in federally funded programs, including primarily Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, Federal Work-Study, Federal Family Education Loans, and TRIO Programs.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed costs may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Such amounts, if any, cannot be determined at this time and, accordingly, no liability is reflected in the financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Classification of Revenues**

Operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as (1) student tuition and fees, and (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances. Nonoperating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions (a transaction in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return). This includes (1) local property taxes, (2) state appropriations, (3) most federal, state, and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, and (4) gifts and contributions.

#### **Allowances**

Student tuition and fees are reported net of scholarship allowances. A scholarship allowance is the difference between the College's stated rates and charges and the amounts actually paid by students and/or third parties making payments on behalf of the students. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and payments from other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are required to be recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are applied to tuition, fees, and other student charges, the College has reported a corresponding scholarship allowance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ.

#### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

As mandated by Oregon statutes, a budget was prepared by the College administration and budget officer. The budget committee, with public input, considered and approved the budget for transmittal to the board of directors on May 3, 2016. After public notices and a hearing, the final budget was adopted, appropriations made, and a tax levy declared by the board of directors on June 14, 2016. The budget was amended by the board on June 13, 2017.

# NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Expenditures, as amended, are appropriated at the following levels of control for each fund:

Total Instruction	General X	Restricted (Grants/ Financial Aid) X	Auxiliary X	Unexpended Plant	Plant/Debt Service	Non-Plant Debt
Total Support Services	X	Х	X			
Total Enterprise and Community Services	X	Х	Х			
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction				X	X	
Total Other Uses	Χ	Х				Х
Total Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	X			Х		

Expenditures and transfers cannot legally exceed appropriations except in the case of grants that cannot be estimated at the time of budget adoption.

Supplemental budgets were advertised as required. After public hearings these budgets were approved by the board. Other budget adjustments not requiring public hearings were also approved by the board. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the College was in compliance with ORS 294.456(6).

Details on budgeted and actual amounts can be found in the supplementary information.

# NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2017 were comprised of the following:

			Component Unit			
		Total		Total		op Community
		Primary		College		
	G	Government		oundation		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Cash on Hand	\$	5,350	\$	-		
Deposits		292,250		294,791		
Investments		3,629,225		2,964,282		
Total	\$	3,926,825	\$	3,259,073		
Cash on Hand Deposits Investments		5,350 292,250 3,629,225		- 294,791 2,964,282		

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The majority of the College's cash and investments were held in custody with the Oregon State Treasury (State Treasury). These invested assets are managed through a commingled investment pool by the State Treasury. The underlying investment pool has an investment policy and set of objectives identifying risk and return parameters for the investment pool.

# **Deposits with State Local Government Investment Pool**

The College maintains the majority of its cash balances on deposit with the State Treasury. These deposits at the State Treasury are held on a pooled basis as described above, in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). The State Treasurer of the state of Oregon maintains the OSTF, of which the LGIP is a part. The OSTF is a cash and investment pool available for use by all state funds and eligible local governments. The State Treasury invests these deposits in high-grade short-term investment securities. The OSTF is managed by the Investment Division of the Oregon State Treasury within the guidelines established in the OSTF Portfolio Rules. The LGIP is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio offered to eligible participants who by law are made custodian of, or have control over, any public funds. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the College cash and cash equivalents on deposit at State Treasury were \$3,629,225. At June 30, 2017, the fair value of College deposits with LGIP approximates cost.

For full disclosure regarding cash and investments held in the State Treasury, a copy of the State Treasury audited annual financial report may be obtained by writing to the Oregon State Treasury, 350, Winter St. NE, Suite 100, Salem, OR 9701-3896 or via the internet at: <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Reports/Pages/Annual-Reports.aspx">www.oregon.gov/treasury/Reports/Pages/Annual-Reports.aspx</a>.

#### **Policies**

The College has adopted an investment policy that states investments will be in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes.

# **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

Current State statutes (ORS Chapter 295) require that all bank deposits in excess of FDIC and FSLIC insurance (currently \$250,000) be collateralized through the Oregon State Treasurer's Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). ORS 295 created a shared liability structure for participating depositories though not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. The College was in compliance with this statutory requirement throughout the year, and none of the College's June 30, 2017 bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was adequately insured and collateralized. The state provides a list of qualified depositories, and the College Board approves a list of depositories from this list in July each year. The cash balances held on deposit at the State Treasury are invested continuously, therefore, custodial credit risk exposure to the State Treasury is low.

# **Concentration of Credit Risk**

College investments are entirely maintained in the local government investment pool (LGIP). OSTF follows their rules on the maximum that may be invested in any one issuer, as a percentage of the OSTF's total investments. On June 30, 2017, they were within the required limits.

# NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Foreign Currency Risk

OSTF rules prohibit investments that are not U.S. dollar-denominated; therefore, it is not exposed to this risk.

# **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Accounting standards provide the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair market value measurement.

At June 30, 2017, all of the OSTF investments were considered Level 2 investments.

#### **Foundation Investments**

The Foundation's investments are recorded at fair value and consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bonds	\$ -	\$ 565,275	\$ -	\$ 565,275
Mutual Funds - Equity	2,254,237	-	-	2,254,237
Treasuries	144,770			144,770
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$ 2,399,007	\$ 565,275	\$ -	\$ 2,964,282

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There have been no changes in the valuation methodologies used at June 30, 2017.

# NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Foundation Investments (Continued)**

Concentration of credit risk for the Foundation investments is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Foundation's assets are invested in consultation with a professional investment management consultant and in accordance with a written investment policy. The written policy provides that the Foundation's assets shall be diversified to minimize the risk of large losses. Currently, the Foundation's assets are invested with several fund managers whose performance is monitored by the independent investment management consultant and the executive committee of the Foundation. All Foundation investments are held in the Foundation's name.

#### NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

#### **Property Taxes**

Clatsop County assesses and collects all property taxes for the College. Taxes are assessed on all taxable property in the county. Property taxes are levied and also become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the tax is paid in full prior to November 15; taxes unpaid and outstanding after May 16 are considered delinquent. Due to the fact that property may be seized and sold to satisfy any unpaid taxes, all taxes receivable at year-end are considered collectible. Property tax receivables were as follows:

		Balance			iscounts,			Balance
Laury Vaan	,	June 30,	Lavar		terest, and	,	Callagtiana	June 30,
Levy Year		2016	 Levy	A	djustments		Collections	2017
2016-2017			\$ 5,418,798	\$	(151,118)	\$	5,097,083	\$ 170,597
2015-2016	\$	181,597	-		(1,097)		95,057	85,443
2014-2015		71,422	-		(590)		28,733	42,099
2013-2014		46,949	-		(205)		27,370	19,374
2012-2013		51,505	-		(187)		11,771	39,547
2011-2012		7,764	-		(156)		1,107	6,501
2010-2011		3,935	-		(97)		740	3,098
Prior		9,095	-		(113)		723	8,259
Total		372,267	\$ 5,418,798	\$	(153,563)	\$	5,262,584	374,918
Cash in Hands of			<del></del>		<del></del>			
County Agent								
at June 30		101,716						98,847
Taxes Receivable	\$	473,983						\$ 473,764
Taxes Receivable	\$	473,983						\$ 473,764

#### Governmental

The governmental receivables include \$628,416 in timber revenues and \$1,359,680 in various federal and state grants or contracts. The state support 8<sup>th</sup> quarter payment represents \$694,394. The total governmental receivables is \$2.682 million. It is expected that all funds will be received so no allowance for doubtful accounts is included.

# NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### **Student**

This account includes three kinds of receivables: amounts owed by students and agencies for tuition and fees \$539,045, amounts owed by students in collections and amounts returned due to insufficient funds \$194,207, and amounts owed by agencies \$15,773 for other services provided by the College. Amounts owed by agencies are considered to be fully collectible. An estimated bad debt allowance is included \$(25,000) for student accounts. Net student accounts receivable as of June 30, 2017 was \$724,025.

#### NOTE 5 RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### **Public Employee Retirement System (PERS)**

College employees participate in one or more Oregon PERS plans (OPERS) that provide pension, death, disability, and postemployment health care benefits to members or their beneficiaries. The pension plan is a multiple-employer cost-sharing plan. In 1995, the Legislature enacted a second level or "tier" of PERS benefits for persons who established PERS membership on or after January 1, 1996. These Tier Two members do not have the Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee, and have a higher normal retirement age of 60, compared to 58 for Tier One. Employer contributions to PERS are required by state statute and are made at actuarially determined rates as adopted by the Public Employment Retirement Board (PERB).

PERS' financial statements are prepared on the basis of a fiscal year ended June 30. The Oregon State Treasurer has statutory responsibility for custody and investment of PERS assets. As a result of this fiduciary responsibility, PERS is included as part of the primary government in the State of Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

PERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 238. ORS 238.620 establishes the PERB as the governing body of PERS. PERS issues a publicly available financial report, which can be obtained by writing to PERS, PO Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700 or by calling 503-598-7377.

Copies of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuations may obtained from the Oregon PERS website at: <a href="http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial reports/financials.aspx">http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial reports/financials.aspx</a>

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Employers participating in the Plan are required to report pension information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2014, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to pensions in the measurement of employer liabilities for pensions and recognition of pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Contributions for employers are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to PERS are calculated based on creditable compensation for active members reported by employers. Employer contributions are accrued when due pursuant to legal requirements. These are amounts normally included in the employer statements cut off as of the fifth of the following month.

#### **Proportionate Share Allocation Methodology**

The basis for the employer's proportion is actuarially determined by comparing the employer's projected long-term contribution effort to the Plan with the total projected long-term contribution effort of all employers. The contribution rate for every employer has at least two major components; Normal Cost Rate and Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) Rate.

#### **Changes in Plan Provisions**

Since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the system-wide actuarially accrued liability has increased primarily due to the *Moro* decision and assumption changes, along with interest on the liability as current active members get closer to retirement. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in *Moro v. State of Oregon*, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future system Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the benefits projected to be paid by Employers compared to those developed in the prior actuarial valuation, and consequently increased plan liabilities. The employers' projected long-term contribution effort has been adjusted for the estimated impact of the *Moro* decision. In accordance with statute, a biennial review of actuarial methods and assumptions was completed in 2015 to be used for the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation. After completion of this review and subsequent to the measurement date, the PERS Board adopted several assumption changes, including lowering the investment return assumption to 7.50%, which will be effective January 1, 2016.

(Source: June 30, 2016, OPERS CAFR, table 29, p. 65)

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Pension Plan Liability**

The components of the Plan's collective net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are as follows (dollars in millions):

Total Pension Liability	\$ 77,094.4
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	62,082.1
Plan Net Position Liability	\$ 15,012.3

(Source: June 30, 2016, OPERS CAFR, table 28, p. 62)

#### **Plan Benefits**

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

# **Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238)**

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

# **Pension Benefits**

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0% for police and fire employees, 1.67% for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 when determining the monthly benefit.

#### **Benefit Changes after Retirement**

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360, monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. As a result of the Moro Decision, the cap on the COLA will be restored to 2.0% for fiscal years 2016 and beyond (see Changes in Plan Provision section).

**Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP)** is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: a defined benefit pension plan and a defined contribution pension plan.

- 1. The defined benefit pension plan is provided to members who were hired on or after August 29, 2003. Employer contributions are required by state statute and are made at actuarially determined rates as adopted by the PERB. The annual required contribution rate for the OPSRP defined benefit pension plan at June 30, 2015 is 3.72%, adjusted for the side account rate relief (11.02%).
- 2. The defined contribution pension plan (called the Individual Account Program) (IAP) is provided to all members or their beneficiaries who are PERS or OPSRP eligible. State statutes require covered employees to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary to the IAP plan effective January 1, 2004. Plan members of PERS retain their existing PERS accounts, but member contributions beginning in 2004 will be deposited in the member's IAP, not into the member's PERS account.

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**

#### **Pension Benefits**

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

General Service: 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50% of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

#### **Benefit Changes After Retirement**

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15% on annual benefits above \$60,000.

#### **Pension Plan Contributions**

PERS and OPSRP employee contribution requirements are established by ORS 238.200 and ORS 238A.330, respectively, and are credited to an employee's account in the IAP and maybe amended by an act of the Oregon Legislature. The College requires members of PERS to contribute 6% of their salary covered under the plan. In addition, the College is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate at June 30, 2016 is 9.27% for PERS Tier One/Two and 3.72% for OPSRP.

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# **Pension Plan Contributions (Continued)**

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were based on the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by the Moro Decision. The rates first became effective July 1, 2016. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2015. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions have made lump sum payments to establish side accounts, and their rates have been reduced.

Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$350,418, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

# <u>Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$1,059,181. At June 30, 2017, the College reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 189,839	\$	-	
Changes of Assumptions	1,223,783			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments	1,133,593		-	
Changes in Proportionate Share	56,953		(42,634)	
Difference in Proportionate Share and Actual				
Employer's Contributions	10,715		(111,092)	
System Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date	-		-	
Total	2,614,883		(153,726)	
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources Before				
Contributions Subject to the Measurement Date	-		2,461,157	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 350,418			
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources		\$	2,811,575	

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### <u>Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$350,418 are related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Amortization</u>	 Amount		
2018	\$ 440,027		
2019	440,027		
2020	856,323		
2021	639,278		
2022	85,502		

### **Actuarial Valuations**

Asset Valuation Method

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015 were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total pension liability:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Experience Study Report	2014, published September 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years

Market value of assets

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Valuations (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Inflation Rate 2.50% (Reduced from 2.75%)

Investment Rate of Return 7.5% (Reduced from 7.75%)

Discount Rate 7.50% (Reduced from 7.75%)

Projected Salary Increases 3.50% (Reduced from 3.75%)

Cost of Living Adjustment

(COLA)

Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with *Moro* decision; blend based

on service.

Mortality Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in

the valuation.

**Active members:** 

Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates

that vary by group, as described in the valuation.

**Disabled retirees:** 

Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95% for females) of the RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational

per Scale BB, disabled mortality table.

(Source: June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR; table 29, p. 57)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ended on December 31, 2014.

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(Source: June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR; p. 63)

### **Depletion Date Projection**

GASB 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 67 (paragraph 43) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment
  of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the
  amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 67 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Depletion Date Projection (Continued)**

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

(Source: June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR; p. 63)

### **Assumed Asset Allocation**

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	- %	3.0%	- %
Debt Securities	15.0	25.0	20.0
Public Equity	32.5	42.5	37.5
Real Estate	9.5	15.5	12.5
Private Equity	13.5	21.5	17.5
Alternative Equity	-	12.5	12.5
Opportunity Portfolio	-	3.0	-
Total			100.0

(Source: June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR; p. 86)

### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)**

		Compound Annual Return
Asset Class	Target	(Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.00%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.61
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00	5.42
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.20
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	6.70
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	6.99
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	7.01
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13	6.73
Emerging Market Equities	4.12	7.25
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88	7.22
Private Equity	17.50	7.97
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.84
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.69
Hedge Fund – Diversified	2.50	4.64
Hedge Fund – Event-driven	0.63	6.72
Timber	1.88	5.85
Farmland	1.88	6.37
Infrastructure	3.75	7.13
Commodities	1.88	4.58
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.50

(Source: June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR; p. 66)

### **Sensitivity Analysis**

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$	9,265,001	\$	5,738,026	\$	(2,790,099)

The above is an analysis of the College's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. It presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate (Source: June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR; p. 65).

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability

See Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability on page 69 of the PERS June 30, 2016 CAFR.

### **Tax Sheltered Annuities**

Voluntary tax sheltered 403(b) annuity plans are available to College employees. Regular full-time employees are eligible to participate. The maximum contribution for calendar years 2016 and 2017 is \$18,000, with higher levels for employees over age 50.

### **Early Retirement Plan/Postemployment Benefits**

Prior to July 1, 2004, the College offered early retirement stipends to its regular employees. A regular employee is an administrative, service/supervisory, or classified staff member who works a minimum of 20 hours per week over a 12-month period or the equivalent. Faculty members are also considered regular employees. The plan was not automatic, and each request required approval by the board of directors.

To be eligible, an employee must have been eligible to receive PERS retirement benefits and have been employed as a regular employee a minimum of 10 consecutive year's immediately preceding application for early retirement benefits.

Effective July 1, 2004, the early retirement stipend was no longer available to faculty and classified employees. Effective July 1, 2004, the early retirement stipend was no longer available to service/ supervisory and administrative employees.

The cost of the early retirement stipend (stipend and FICA) for 2016-2017 was \$2,100 for one retiree.

Premium costs of postemployment health insurance are also subsidized; however, effective July 1, 2004, the amount is capped at the medical premium amount the College is paying for faculty and classified employees at the time of retirement. This same provision is effective for service/supervisory and administrative employees as of July 1, 2004. Coverage may also include dependents and spouses. Postemployment subsidies of premiums for health insurance are expensed as paid. The cost of the postemployment health insurance for 2016-2017 was \$48,759 for 8 retirees.

Faculty or classified employees hired on or after July 1, 2004 are not eligible to apply for or receive any early retirement benefits. Service/supervisory and administrative employees hired on or after July 1, 2004 are not eligible to apply for or receive any early retirement benefits.

In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, the College had an independent actuarial valuation completed for this program as of June 30, 2017. The report included the plan's funded status, the ARC as defined by GASB No. 27 and GASB No. 45 for 2014-2015, an estimation of future cash flows and their present value, and an actuarial accrued liability. A revised report, with corrected employee hire date, was used to prepare the report of actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Early Retirement Plan/Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

The College stipends and health premiums are expensed as paid. The College has not funded the liability beyond the annual amount.

The ARC represents a level of fund that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of 30 years. The following table shows the components of the College's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the College's OPEB obligation to the plan.

	 Health	S	Stipend	Total
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 73,586	\$	-	\$ 73,586
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (BOY)	5,555		-	5,555
Adjustment to ARC for Net OPEB Obligation	 (21,709)		(5)	 (21,714)
Annual OPEB Cost	 57,432		(5)	 57,427
Expected Contributions	 (42,709)		(1,576)	 (44,285)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation	 14,723		(1,581)	 13,142
Net OPEB Obligation - July 1, 2016	 185,180		15	 185,195
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2017	\$ 199,903	\$	_	\$ 199,903
	 _			 _

Trend information for the annual OPEB and pension cost, the percentage of OPEB and pension cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB and pension obligation is as follows:

					Per	centage		Net
Fiscal	A	Annual			of	Annual		OPEB
Year		OPEB	/	Annual	OP	EB Cost	C	bligation
Ended		Cost	Co	ntribution	Cor	ntributed		(Asset)
6/30/2014	\$	125,590	\$	100,472	8	0.00%	\$	131,093
6/30/2015		80,349		45,550	5	6.69%		165,892
6/30/2016		59,674		40,386	6	7.68%		185,180
6/30/2017		57,432		42,709	7	4.36%		199,903
					Per	centage		Net
Fiscal	A	Annual			of	Annual	1	Pension
Year	Р	ension	/	Annual	Pen	sion Cost	C	bligation
Ended		Cost	Co	ntribution	Cor	ntributed		(Asset)
6/30/2014	\$	4,508	\$	3,845	8	5.29%	\$	3,043
6/30/2015		102		1,591	15	59.80%		1,554
6/30/2016		48		1,587	33	06.25%		15
6/30/2017		5		1,576		NA		-

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Early Retirement Plan/Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for the plans as of June 30, 2017 is provided below:

	 Health	 Stipend
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$ 	\$ 
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 480,017	\$ 3,075
Unfunded AAL	\$ 480,017	\$ 3,075
Funded Ratio	0.00%	0.00%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,904,654	\$ -
UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	25.20%	NA

The above noted actuarial accrued liabilities were based on the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plans and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information, follows the notes to the financial statements and presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The Entry Age Normal Cost Method is used to determine the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each active employee included in the valuation is allocated on a level dollar basis over the service of the active employee between assumed entry age (date of hire) and assumed exit age(s). The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to the valuation year is called the normal cost for that active employee. The sum of these individual normal costs is the plan's normal cost for the valuation year. The present value of benefits for current retirees plus the accumulated value of all prior normal costs is the actuarial accrued liability. The excess of the actuarial accrued liability over plan assets is the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). The total UAAL for the OPEB plan is amortized over a 10-year open amortization period and the UAAL for the stipend plan is amortized over a three-year open amortization period. Under this method, the actuarial gains (losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the UAAL while leaving the normal cost unchanged.

The following assumptions were made:

Interest discount – A 3.0% discount rate is used based on the assumption that the College's OPEB and stipend plans will remain unfunded.

*Premiums* – Health care premiums for future retirees are based on blended rates of current plans, assuming that future election patterns will follow those made by current retirees.

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Early Retirement Plan/Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

*Trends* – Medical premiums increase by 8% in 2017-18 and then 0.5% less each subsequent year until they are increasing at 5% per year.

Insurance cap – The College's insurance cap was negotiated in the faculty contract through June 30, 2018. Increases to the College's contribution cap in future years are subject to negotiation. An annual increase of 5% is assumed for the cap beyond the 2017-2018 year.

FICA tax – Stipend payments and lump sums paid under the closed plan have been increased by 7.65% to reflect the FICA tax paid by the College.

Demographic assumptions – Rates of mortality, retirement, and withdrawal are generally the same rates that were used for school district employees in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation of the Oregon PERS. Active employees are assumed to delay retirement until they are eligible for the early retirement plan. Once an active employee has satisfied these requirements, it is assumed that they do not terminate employment other than for retirement or death.

Covered spouse – 30% of future retirees will cover a spouse or domestic partner. Male spouses are assumed to be two years older than female spouses when date of birth is not provided.

Entrance and persistence – 100% of future retirees eligible for the college-paid OPEB plan will elect to continue their health care coverage. Of the retirees receiving subsidized health care benefits, 1% will drop coverage each year due to all causes, including mortality.

### NOTE 7 RESTRICTED NET POSITION

### **Primary Government**

The Restricted – Expendable balance includes \$1,201,085 restricted funds to be spent on the construction of the Patriot Hall Redevelopment Project and non-project timber resources.

### **Clatsop Community College Foundation**

Restricted net position – expendable of \$2.4 million and restricted net position – unexpendable of \$586,097 in the Foundation are primarily for scholarships.

### NOTE 8 PROPERTY, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT

### **Primary Government**

The College established an inventory of property, buildings, and equipment at estimated historical cost, from College records and efforts of an appraisal firm, as of June 30, 1988. The following changes occurred in property, buildings, and equipment owned by the College between June 30, 2016 and 2017.

	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Improvements	\$ 85,535	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,535
Construction in Progress	8,006,866	8,810,298	-	16,817,164
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	8,092,401	8,810,298	-	16,902,699
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	41,911,560	-	2,380,007	39,531,553
Land Improvements	166,599	-	-	166,599
Equipment	2,422,875	170,960	217,178	2,376,657
Library Books	147,278	-	-	147,278
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	44,648,312	170,960	2,597,185	42,222,087
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	11,833,849	1,024,985	2,380,007	10,478,827
Land Improvements	83,300	16,660	-	99,959
Equipment	2,276,718	97,261	217,178	2,156,801
Library Books	147,068	2,945	-	150,013
Total Accumulated Depreciation	14,340,935	1,141,851	2,597,185	12,885,600
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	30,307,377	(970,891)	-	29,336,487
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 38,399,778	\$ 7,839,407	\$ -	\$ 46,239,186

### Clatsop Community College Foundation

The Foundation has no property, buildings, and equipment as of June 30, 2017.

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT

### **Tax Anticipation Note - Cash Flow**

	F	Amount
Bond payable - Revenue and Tax Anticipation Note. Bonds payable to		
US Bank, Trustee, for \$790,000 at 0.650% short-term tax and revenue		
anticipation promissory note, Series 2016A (Federally Taxable), maturity		
date December 31, 2016		
Balance - Beginning	\$	790,000
Less: Payments 2016-17		(790,000)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$	

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The College has the following long-term debt arrangements:

### Notes Payable - Physical Plant

	 Amount
Note payable to the City of Astoria for \$331,657 at 5.01% for MERTS	
waterline improvements, dated May 13, 1999, with semi-annual	
payments of \$13,223, scheduled maturity date of November 2018;	
secured by the improvements	\$ 61,832
Less: Principal Payments 2016-2017	(23,662)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 38,170

**Amount** 

**Amount** 

### **Bonds Payable - Facilities**

Facilities bonds payable are direct obligations that pledge the full faith and credit of the College. Funds provided by the bonds are being used to improve College facilities and were approved by the board on August 6, 2007 to meet state of Oregon requirements to receive matching funds for construction. The College has presented these funds to the state to satisfy its matching requirement. Funds from the state will be available once all of the College's funds are expended. Payments for the debt are secured by the assets of the College.

		Amount
Bond payable to US Bank, Trustee, for \$5,060,000. Refunding of 2006 Full Faith & Credit obligation dated August 5, 2014 with scheduled interest and principal payments due semi-annually through June 30, 2026. Refunding saves \$30,000 annually.	\$	4,695,000
Less: Principal Payments 2016-17	Ψ	(415,000)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$	4,280,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009, Refunded July 7, 2016 \$3,985,000 at 100% of par payable to Wells Fargo, Trustee, for \$5,000,000 at 3.0% to 4.2%, dated February 3, 2009, with scheduled interest and principal payments due semi-annually through June 30, 2029 Less: Principal Payments 2016-2017 Balance - June 30, 2017	\$	650,000 (200,000) 450,000

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### **Bonds Payable - Facilities (Continued)**

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009 and 2015, respectively, qualified to participate in the Oregon School Bond Guaranty program in order to secure lower interest costs on general obligation bonds. Series 2009 has \$4.38 million outstanding at June 30, 2017. Series 2015 has \$8.2 million outstanding at June 30, 2015. Payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due is guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the State under the provisions of the Oregon School Bond Guaranty Act – Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 328.321 to 328.356 (the "Act").

1 marint

	 Amount
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Bond payable to U.S. Bank National Association, Trustee, for \$8,200,000 at 3.0% for the redevelopment of Patriot Hall and to pay the costs of issuance of the obligations, dated February 26, 2015, with scheduled	
interest and principal payments due semi-annually through June 15, 2035	\$ 7,930,000
Less: Principal Payments 2016-2017	(335,000)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 7,595,000
General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2016 Bond payable to JPMorgan Chase Bank for \$3,985,000 at a price of 100% par at 1.85% per annum with all accrued interest due semi-annually through June 2029 Less: Principal Payments 2016-2017	\$ 3,985,000 (58,000)
•	 
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 3,927,000

### **Bonds Payable - PERS**

PERS bonds are direct obligations that pledge the full faith and credit of the College. Funds provided by the PERS bonds were used to prepay the College's pension unfunded actuarial liability (UAL). Payments are secured by an intra-governmental agreement whereby payments are taken from the quarterly state appropriation prior to receipt by the College.

	Amount
Bond payable to Wells Fargo, Trustee, for \$7,240,000 at 4.6% to 4.8%	
for paying PERS unfunded actuarial liability, dated June 9, 2005, with	
scheduled interest and principal payments due semi-annually through	
June 30, 2028	\$ 6,250,000
Less: Principal Payments 2016-2017	(270,000)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 5,980,000

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The schedule of future requirements for payment of principal and interest on these obligations are as follows for the years ending June 30:

								Facilities			Faci	lities		Facilities				
		Total	Total	PERS Bonding				US Ban	k, 20	014	GO Bon	ds, 2	009		GO Bon	ds,	2015	
	F	rincipal	Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest
2018	\$	1,362,862	\$ 733,829	\$	310,000	\$	286,882	\$	425,000	\$	124,150	\$ 215,000	\$	15,913	\$	335,000	\$	232,650
2019		1,432,308	694,394		355,000		272,489		435,000		115,650	235,000		8,313		340,000		225,950
2020		1,500,000	648,426		405,000		256,006		445,000		102,600	-		-		345,000		219,150
2021		1,590,000	603,730		455,000		237,202		460,000		89,250	-		-		355,000		212,250
2022		1,680,000	551,379		515,000		215,221		470,000		75,450	-		-		360,000		201,600
2023-2027		9,512,000	1,781,487		3,560,000		642,040		2,045,000		155,700	-		-		1,960,000		787,850
2028-2032	:	3,608,000	495,070		380,000		18,358		-		-	-		-		2,315,000		451,200
2033-2037		1,585,000	96,150						-		-	-				1,585,000		96,150
	\$ 2	2,270,170	\$ 5,604,465	\$	5,980,000	\$	1,928,198	\$	4,280,000	\$	662,800	\$ 450,000	\$	24,226	\$	7,595,000	\$	2,426,800

		City of	Asto	oria	Facilities								
		Wate	erline	e	US Bank, 2016 (Chase)								
	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest					
2018	\$	24,862	\$	1,584	\$	53,000	\$	72,650					
2019		13,308		323		71,669							
2020		-		-		305,000		70,670					
2021		-		-		320,000		65,028					
2022		-		-		335,000		59,108					
2023-2027		-		-		1,947,000		195,897					
2028-2032		-		-		913,000		25,512					
	\$	38,170	\$	1,907	\$	3,927,000	\$	560,534					

### **Capital Lease Obligation**

The following is a schedule of the Dell Brocade virtual server capital lease obligation as of June 30, 2017. The cost of the asset and related accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017 was \$117,897 and \$39,299, respectively.

	A	mount
Balance - Beginning	\$	-
Additions 2016-17		117,897
Less: Payments 2016-17		(16,623)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$	101,274

The total interest incurred for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$2,741.

Minimum future lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2018	\$	18,606
2019		23,109
2020		23,992
2021		24,909
2022		10,658
otal Minimum Lease Payments		101,274

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

A summary of long-term liability activity follows:

	July 1, 2016 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2017 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable	\$ 61,832	\$ -	\$ 23,662	\$ 38,170	\$ 24,862
Bonds Payable	23,070,000	3,985,000	4,823,000	22,232,000	1,338,000
Bond Premium	651,666	-	77,440	574,225	43,129
Tax Anticipation Note	790,000	-	790,000	-	-
Capital Leases	-	117,897	16,623	101,274	18,606
Total	\$ 24,573,498	\$ 4,102,897	\$ 5,730,725	\$ 22,945,669	\$ 1,424,597
Bond Premium Tax Anticipation Note Capital Leases	651,666 790,000	- - 117,897	77,440 790,000 16,623	574,225 - 101,274	18,6

As of June 30, 2017, defeased refunding bonds aggregating \$3,545,000 remain outstanding. In accordance with state law, the College has appointed Chase Bank as third party custodian for the administration of debt service payments.

### NOTE 10 OPERATING LEASES

The following is an analysis of operating leases for the years ending June 30:

			Key Gov	ernr	ment					5	Solutions		
			D:	SL		U	S Bank		LEAF		YES	Da	amarkom
	Total	MERTS		Dock			Copiers	(	Copiers		Copiers		SCC
2018	\$ 73,561	\$	14,264	\$	347	\$	28,546	\$ 5,160		\$	4,729	\$	20,515
2019	86,268		14,692		358		18,788		1,720		-		50,710
2020	97,520		15,133		369		15,107		-	-			66,911
2021	84,886		15,587		380		-		-		-		68,919
2022	87,432		16,055		391	-			-	-			70,986
2023-2027	112,461		87,794		818		-		-		-		23,849
2028-2032	80,202		80,202		-		-		-		-		-
2033-2037	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	\$ 622,330	\$	243,727	\$	2,663	\$ 62,441		1 \$ 6,880		\$ 4,729		\$	301,890

Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$74,929.

### NOTE 11 BOARD CONFLICT INTEREST

The College's board of directors is made up of seven elected members. The College did not purchase any supplies from any of the board members during fiscal year 2016-2017.

### NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Patriot Hall Redevelopment project has the following pre-construction contracts and balances as of June 30, 2017:

P&C Construction \$ 96,847 SRG \$ 41,219



### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 (GASB 68) is an accounting standard governing financial reporting by governmental entities that participate in pension plans and is effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS For the last three fiscal years

Year Ended June 30,	Ended required		rela statut	(b) tributions in tion to the orily required ontribution	Cont defi	a-b) ribution ciency ccess)	(c) District's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll		
2017	\$	350,418	\$	350,418	\$	-	\$ 6,606,897	5.30%		
2016	\$	356,354	\$	356,354	\$	-	\$ 6,481,333	5.50%		
2015	\$	414,249	\$	414,249	\$	-	\$ 6,298,140	6.58%		
2014	\$	402,261	\$	402,261	\$	-	\$ 6,164,785	6.53%		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

At June 30, 2017, the College has a pension liability of \$5.7 million compared to a pension liability of \$2.2 million in 2016. District covered payroll is \$6.6 and \$6.5 million, respectively.

### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the last three fiscal years

Year Ended June 30,	(a) District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of th	(b) District's ortionate share ne net pension bility (asset)	(c) District's covered payroll	(b/c) District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.03822211%	\$	5,738,026	\$ 6,606,897	86.85%	80.50%
2016	0.03901406%	\$	2,239,977	\$ 6,481,333	34.56%	91.90%
2015	0.03472124%	\$	(787,026)	\$ 6,298,140	-12.50%	103.60%
2014	0.03472124%	\$	1,771,876	\$ 6,164,785	28.74%	91.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### **OPEB**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	EAN Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (b-a) / (c)
June 30, 2009 June 30, 2012 June 30, 2015	\$ - - -	\$ 1,274,469 935,435 606,758	\$ 1,274,469 935,435 606,758	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 3,274,850 2,225,470 1,904,654	38.92% 42.03% 31.86%
Pension						
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	EAN Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (b-a) / (c)
June 30, 2009 June 30, 2012 June 30, 2015	\$ - - -	\$ 85,850 15,308 3,075	\$ 85,850 15,308 3,075	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ - - -	NA NA NA



### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

	Curren	t Funds	8	_		Pla	int Funds							Total All		
ASSETS	Unrestricted	Re	estricted	U	nexpended		irement of	Investme Plan		L	ong-Term Debt	Orga	ubs and anizations Fund		mary Funds emorandum Only)	
Cash and Investments	\$ 65,139	\$	67,237	\$	3,285,903	\$	21,480	\$	-	\$	440,853	\$	46,213	\$	3,926,825	
Receivables:																
Property Taxes	473,764		-		-		-		-		-		-		473,764	
Governmental	1,322,811		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,322,811	
Student Receivables (Less Allowance																
for Doubtful Accounts)	2,083,705		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,083,705	
Inventories	132,041		-		-		-		-		-		-		132,041	
Note Receivable from Auxiliary Funds	205,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		205,000	
Property, Buildings, and Equipment:  Land								0.0	5,535						85,535	
Construction in Progress	-		-		-		-	16,817			-		-		16,817,164	
Land Improvements	-		-		-		-		6,599		-		-		166,599	
Accumulated Depreciation			_				_		9,959)		_		_		(99,959)	
Buildings	_		_		_		_	39,53					_		39,531,553	
Accumulated Depreciation	_		_		_		_	(10,478			_		_		10,478,827)	
Equipment	_		_		_		_	2,376			_		_	,	2,376,657	
Accumulated Depreciation	_		_		_		_	(2,156			_		_		(2,156,801)	
Library Books	-		-		_		-		7,278		_		-		147,278	
Accumulated Depreciation	-		-		_		-		0,013)		_		-		(150,013)	
Other Assets	41,185		3,619		8		-	,	_		-		-		44,812	
Total Assets	\$ 4,323,645	\$	70,856	\$	3,285,911	\$	21,480	\$ 46,239	9,186	\$	440,853	\$	46,213	\$	54,428,144	
Deferred Outflow of Resources																
PERS	\$ 2,965,301	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	2,965,301	
Loss on Refunding	Ψ 2,000,001	Ψ	_	Ψ	609.072	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	609,072	
Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,965,301	\$	-	\$	609,072	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,574,373	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities																
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,368,216	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,368,216	
Accrued Liabilities	790,933		-		-		-		-		-		-		790,933	
Miscellaneous Deposits	2,023		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,023	
Due to Student Groups																
and Agencies	30,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		30,000	
Short-Term Note Payable	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Deferred Revenues	703,732		70,856		-		-		-		-		46,213		820,801	
Accrued Interest Payable	-		-		23,928		-		-		-		-		23,928	
Other Miscellaneous Liabilities	-		-		574,225		-		-		-		-		574,225	
Net Pension Liability	5,738,026		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,738,026	
Other Liabilities	1,701		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,701	
Long-Term Debt:																
Note Payable to General Fund	205,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		205,000	
Other Postemployment Benefits	199,903		-		-		-		-		-		-		199,903	
Bond Payable	-		-		16,252,000		-		-		5,980,000		-		22,232,000	
Dell Brocade Virtual Server	-		-		-		-	101	1,274		-		-		101,274	
Waterline Improvement Note																
to City of Astoria	-		-		-		-	38	3,170		-		-		38,170	
Total Liabilities	9,039,534		70,856		16,850,153		_		9,444		5,980,000		46,213		32,126,200	
PERS Deferred Inflow	153,726		-		-		-		-		-		-		153,726	
Fund Balances																
Unrestricted	(1,904,314)		_		2,106,298		_		_		(5,539,147)		_		(5,337,163)	
Restricted - Expendable	(1,304,314)		-		1,179,605		21,480		-		(0,000,147)		-		1,201,085	
Net Investment in Plant	-		-				£1, <del>1</del> 00	46 000	7/2		-		-			
Total Fund Balances	(1.004.214)				(16,241,073)		21 400	46,099		_	(5 530 147)				29,858,669	
Total Fund Balances  Total Liabilities, Deferred	(1,904,314)	_		_	(12,955,170)	_	21,480	46,099	5,142		(5,539,147)				25,722,591	
Inflow and Fund Balances	\$ 7,288,946	\$	70,856	\$	3,894,983	\$	21,480	\$ 46,239	9,186	\$	440,853	\$	46,213	\$	58,002,517	

### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Current Funds			Plant Funds				Total All	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unexpended	Retirement of Indebtedness	Investment in Plant	Debt Service Fund	Clubs and Organizations Fund	Funds (Memorandum Only)	
REVENUES	Officounoted	reconloced	Total	опехрепаса	machteaness	Tiunt	T dild	Tuna	Ciliy)	
Local Sources	\$ 4,334,996	\$ 213,674	\$ 4,548,670	\$ 574,647	\$ 942,733	\$ -	\$ 716,131	\$ -	\$ 6,782,181	
State Appropriations	2,410,906	694,575	3,105,481	-	_	-	-	-	3,105,481	
Government Grants and										
Contracts	2,659	3,415,779	3,418,438	_	-	-	-	-	3,418,438	
Tuition and Fees	3,091,052	10,829	3,101,881	-	-	-	-	-	3,101,881	
Investment Income	41,968	-	41,968	17,781	-	-	3,323	-	63,072	
Auxiliary Revenue	362,589	-	362,589	-	_	-	-	-	362,589	
Other Additions	1,128,039	76,270	1,204,309	8,063,677	-	8,903,647	-	30,588	18,202,221	
Total Revenues	11,372,209	4,411,127	15,783,336	8,656,105	942,733	8,903,647	719,454	30,588	35,035,863	
EXPENDITURES AND										
MANDATORY TRANSFERS										
Educational and General:										
Instruction	4,075,092	173,611	4,248,703	-	-	-	-	-	4,248,703	
Instructional Support	1,177,872	200,354	1,378,226	-	-	-	-	-	1,378,226	
Student Services	892,242	1,071,665	1,963,907	-	-	-	-	19,700	1,983,607	
Institutional Support (Admin.)	2,022,759	76,270	2,099,029	-	-	-	-	-	2,099,029	
Operation and Maintenance										
of Plant	1,203,607	-	1,203,607	-	-	-	-	-	1,203,607	
Auxiliary Enterprises	382,660	-	382,660	-	-	-	-	-	382,660	
Community Services	13,531	230,919	244,450	-	-	-	-	13,752	258,202	
Depreciation and										
Amortization Expense	-	-	-	57,420	-	1,141,851	-	-	1,199,271	
Expended for Equipment										
and Facilities	-	-	-	7,501,296	-	-	-	-	7,501,296	
Principal Expense	-	-	-		1,031,662	-	-	-	1,031,662	
Interest Expense	-	-	-	(8,233)	463,238	-	299,416	-	754,421	
Pension Expense	1,059,181	-	1,059,181	-		-	-	-	1,059,181	
Other	-	-	-	15,625	1,000	-	120	-	16,745	
Financial Aid	105,010	2,709,660	2,814,670						2,814,670	
Total Educational and										
General	10,931,954	4,462,479	15,394,433	7,566,108	1,495,900	1,141,851	299,536	33,452	25,931,280	
NONMANDATORY										
TRANSFERS, NET	54,216	(51,352)	2,864	574,647	(574,647)			(2,864)		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)										
IN FUND BALANCES	386,039	-	386,039	515,350	21,480	7,761,796	419,918	-	9,104,583	
FUND BALANCE -										
JUNE 30, 2016										
Unrestricted	(2,290,353)	_	(2,290,353)	_	_	_	(5,959,065)	_	(8,249,418)	
Restricted - Expendable	(=,=00,000)	_	(=,=00,000)	3,775,707	-	_	(5,500,000)	-	3,775,707	
Net Investment in Plant	-	_	-	(17,246,227)	_	38,337,946	_	-	21,091,719	
•				(,2.0,227)		22,501,070			_ :,=0 :,: :0	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2017	\$ (1,904,314)	\$ -	\$ (1,904,314)	\$ (12,955,170)	\$ 21,480	\$ 46,099,742	\$ (5,539,147)	\$ -	\$ 25,722,591	
JOHE 50, 2017	÷ (1,007,014)	_	Ψ (1,00 <del>1</del> ,014)	ψ (12,000,110)	ψ 21, <del>7</del> 00	→ ¬0,000,17Z	¥ (0,000,147)	<u> </u>	Ψ <u>L</u> U,, <u>L</u> L,UU I	

General Fund	CAAD Actual	GAAP	Budgetary	Budgeted	Over (Under)
REVENUES	GAAP Actual	Adjustments	Basis Actual	Amount	Budget
State Sources	\$ 2,410,906	\$ -	\$ 2,410,906	\$ 2,164,000	\$ 246,906
Federal Sources	2,659	Ψ -	2,659	5,000	(2,341)
Local Sources:	_,		_,	-,	(=,= : : )
Current Year Property Taxes	4,178,257	_	4,178,257	4,000,000	178,257
Prior Years Property Taxes	156,739	-	156,739	275,000	(118,261)
Tuition and Fees	3,091,052	_	3,091,052	3,267,400	(176,348)
All Other	1,170,007	_	1,170,007	1,118,800	51,207
Total Revenues	11,009,620		11,009,620	10,830,200	179,420
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	4,075,092	24,114	4,099,206	4,210,000	(110,794)
Support Services	5,296,480	202,110	5,498,590	6,096,000	(597,410)
Public Service	13,531	16	13,547	15,000	(1,453)
All Other	1,164,191	(1,059,181)	105,010	405,200	(300,190)
Total Expenditures	10,549,294	(832,941)	9,716,353	10,726,200	(1,009,847)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	460,326	832,941	1,293,267	104,000	1,189,267
,	,	,	, ,	,	, ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(79,216)		(79,216)	(104,000)	24,784
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(79,216)		(79,216)	(104,000)	24,784
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	381,110	832,941	1,214,051	-	1,214,051
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(1,439,929)	893,470	922,441		922,441
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (1,058,819)	\$ 1,726,411	\$ 2,136,492	\$ -	\$ 2,136,492

GAAP adjustments are for the annual accruals for compensated absences and GASB adjustments not budgeted by the College.

### General Fund

The *General Fund* accounts for all current financial resources not required to be accounted for in other funds. The major sources of revenues are property taxes, timber revenues, state school support, and tuition and fees. The major expenditures are personnel and related costs, materials and services, and capital improvements.

			GAAP		Budgetary		Budgeted		Over (Under)	
Auxiliary Enterprises Fund	GAAP Actual		Adjustments		Basis Actual		Amount		Budget	
REVENUES	<u></u>									
Bookstore Sales	\$	284,361	\$	3,589	\$	287,950	\$	617,860	\$	(329,910)
All Other		78,228		22,748		100,976		146,608		(45,632)
Total Revenues		362,589		26,337		388,926		764,468		(375,542)
EXPENDITURES										
Total Instruction		79,187		-		79,187		94,591		(15,404)
Total Support Services		291,969		-		291,969		557,778		(265,809)
Total Public Service		11,504		-		11,504		137,099		(125,595)
Total Expenditures		382,660		-		382,660		789,468		(406,808)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(20,071)		26,337		6,266		(25,000)		31,266
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		25,000		-		25,000		25,000		-
Transfers Out										
Sources (Uses)		25,000		-		25,000		25,000		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		4,929		26,337		31,266		-		31,266
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		(584,909)		236,243		(348,666)				(348,666)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	(579,980)	\$	262,580	\$	(317,400)	\$		\$	(317,400)

### **Auxiliary Enterprises Fund**

The *Auxiliary Enterprises Fund* accounts for transactions of substantially all self-supporting auxiliary activities that perform services primarily to students, faculty, and staff. These activities are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is to ensure that costs are financed primarily through user charges. The College uses the Auxiliary Enterprises Fund to account for the operations of its bookstore, cafeteria, and M/V Forerunner, a teaching and research vessel.

			GAAP		Actual	-	Budgeted	O	ver (Under)	
Restricted Fund	GAAP Actual		Adjustments		Amount		Amount		Budget	
REVENUES										
Federal Sources	\$ 3,415,77	79 \$	-	\$	3,415,779	\$	3,721,827	\$	(306,048)	
State Sources	694,57	75	-		694,575		951,356		(256,781)	
Local Sources	213,67	74	-		213,674		113,255		100,419	
Tuition and Fees	10,82	29	-		10,829		19,383		(8,554)	
Other	76,27	70	-		76,270		529,424		(453,154)	
Total Revenues	4,411,12	27	-		4,411,127	· ·	5,335,245		(924,118)	
EXPENDITURES										
Total Instruction	173,61	11	-		173,611		180,000		(6,389)	
Total Support Services	1,348,28	39	-		1,348,289		1,659,088		(310,799)	
Total Public Service	230,9	19	-		230,919		269,242		(38,323)	
All Other	2,709,66	30	-		2,709,660		3,246,965		(537,305)	
Total Expenditures	4,462,47	79			4,462,479		5,355,295		(892,816)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(51,35	52)	-		(51,352)		(20,050)		(31,302)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In	51,35	52			51,352		20,050		31,302	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		-	-		-		-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year (Restated)		<u> </u>								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	- \$		\$		\$		\$		

### Restricted Fund

The **Restricted Fund** consists of student financial aid programs and special grant projects. State and federal funding is received to support student financial aid programs. These programs include Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), Direct and Need Based Loans, and Federal Work Study. Resources, in support of special grant projects, are received from federal, state, and local sources and expended for specific grant requirements.

		GAAP	Budgetary	Budgeted	Over (Under)	
Unexpended Plant Fund	GAAP Actual	Adjustments	Basis Actual	Amount	Budget	
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$ 17,781	\$ -	\$ 17,781	\$ -	\$ 17,781	
Timber Sales	574,647	-	574,647	574,647	-	
Other	8,063,677	(61,176)	8,002,501	9,743,711	(1,741,210)	
Total Revenues	8,656,105	(61,176)	8,594,929	10,318,358	(1,723,429)	
EXPENDITURES						
All Other Expenditures	7,566,108	943,979	8,510,087	9,743,711	(1,233,624)	
Total Expenditures	7,566,108	943,979	8,510,087	9,743,711	(1,233,624)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,089,997	(1,005,155)	84,842	574,647	(489,805)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In from capital improvements	33,216	-	33,216	33,216	-	
Transfers Out to Debt Service	(607,863)	-	(607,863)	(607,863)	-	
Transfers Out to Project						
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(574,647)		(574,647)	(574,647)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	515,350	(1,005,155)	(489,805)	-	(489,805)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(13,470,520)	24,515,013	4,360,903		10,910,671	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (12,955,170)	\$ 23,509,858	\$ 3,871,098	\$ -	\$ 10,420,866	

GAAP adjustments represent accrual of expenses not required to be budgeted by the College.

Unexpended Plant Fund

The *Unexpended Plant Fund* accounts for resources available to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of plant assets for the College.

Plant - Retirement of Indebtedness	GAAP Actual		GAAP Adjustments		Budgetary Basis Actual		Budgeted Amount		Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES	\$	942,733	\$	-	\$	942,733	\$	942,733	\$	-
EXPENDITURES		1,495,900				1,495,900		1,517,380		(21,480)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(553,167)		-		(553,167)		(574,647)		21,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in from Unexpended Plant		574,647		_		574,647		574,647		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		574,647				574,647		574,647		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		21,480		-		21,480		-		21,480
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						_				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	21,480	\$		\$	21,480	\$		\$	21,480

### Plant - Retirement of Indebtedness

The **Plant - Retirement of Indebtedness Fund** accounts for the payment of principal, interest, and other debt service charges, including contributions for sinking funds relating to debt incurred in financing College plant assets.

Debt Service Fund	GAAP Actual		GAAP Adjustments		Budgetary Basis Actual		Budgeted Amount		Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES										
Other Local Revenue	\$	716,131	\$	-	\$	716,131	\$	893,932	\$	(177,801)
Investment Income		3,323		-		3,323		1,000		2,323
Total Revenues		719,454		-		719,454		894,932		(175,478)
EXPENDITURES										
Total Other Uses		299,536		270,000		569,536		894,932		(325,396)
Total Expenditures		299,536		270,000		569,536		894,932		(325,396)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		419,918		(270,000)		149,918				149,918
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		419,918		(270,000)		149,918		-		149,918
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		(5,959,065)		45,060		41,147				41,147
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	(5,539,147)	\$	(224,940)	\$	191,065	\$	_	\$	191,065

GAAP adjustments represent current year amortization expense not budgeted by the College.

### Debt Service Fund

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for resources used to pay for debt incurred by the College not related to physical plant borrowings.

Clubs and Organizations Fund	Actual Amount		Budgeted Amount		Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES		arrount		anount		Daaget
Fees	\$	30,588	\$	67,798	\$	(37,210)
Total Revenues		30,588		67,798		(37,210)
EXPENDITURES						
Total Support Services		-		11,953		(11,953)
Total Other		19,700		31,196		(11,496)
Total Public Service		13,752		28,149		(14,397)
Total Expenditures		33,452		71,298		(37,846)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,864)		(3,500)		636
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		2,864		3,500		(636)
Transfers out				_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,864		3,500		(636)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						_
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	

Clubs and Organizations Fund

The *Clubs and Organizations* accounts for resources held by the College as custodian or fiscal agent for students, faculty, staff, and other organizations.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Directors Clatsop Community College Astoria, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Audit Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Clatsop Community College (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2017.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clatsop Community College's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The aggregate discretely presented component unit was not tested for compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to, the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).



In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe Clatsop Community College was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management of Clatsop Community College, and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

arolin Wright

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 12, 2017

Caroline Wright, CPA

Director

Oregon License #13852 Municipal License #1569



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Clatsop Community College Astoria, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Clatsop Community College, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clatsop Community College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2017. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Clatsop Community College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clatsop Community College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clatsop Community College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clatsop Community College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 12, 2017

Caroline Wright, CPA

Director

Oregon License #13852 Municipal License #1569

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Clatsop Community College Astoria, Oregon

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Clatsop Community College's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Clatsop Community College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Clatsop Community College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Clatsop Community College's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Clatsop Community College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Clatsop Community College's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Clatsop Community College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.



#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Clatsop Community College's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Clatsop Community College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Clatsop Community College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Clatsop Community College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clatsop Community College's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-001, which we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The Clatsop Community College's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The Clatsop Community College's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 12, 2017

Caroline Wright, CPA

Director

Oregon License #13852 Municipal License #1569

### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title  STUDENT FINANCIAL AID ASSISTANCE CLUSTER: Department of Education Direct Programs Federal Pell Grant Program Federal Direct Student Loans Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	Federal CFDA Number 84.063 84.268 84.007	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures  \$ 1,228,780 841,170 96,216
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033			88,671
Total Department of Education Direct Programs	04.000			2,254,837
TRIO CLUSTER:  Department of Education Direct Programs				
TRIO—Talent Search	84.044			338,401
TRIO—Upward Bound	84.047			299,873
TRIOStudent Support Services	84.042			268,110
Total TRIO Cluster				906,384
Department of Education Pass-Through Programs From: State Department of Education—Career and Technical Education—Basic Grants to States Higher Education Coordinating Commission—Adult	84.048	36401 / 36427		109,883
Education—Basic Grants to States	84.002	EE151608		102,975
Subtotal Department of Education Pass-Through Programs				212,858
Total Department of Education				3,374,079
U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service Cultural Resource Management	15.956			7,640
Small Subiness Administration Pass-Through Program From: Oregon Small Business Development Network Office Small Business Development Center	59.037	15-144		34,060
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 3,415,779

## CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Clatsop Community College under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Clatsop Community College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Clatsop Community College.

### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principals contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown in the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Clatsop Community College has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	yes <u>X</u> no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> none reported yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiencies identified</li></ul>	yes <u>X</u> no
that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X yes none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X yes no
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Student Financial Aid Cluster: 84.007 84.033 84.063 84.268	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants Federal Work Study Program Federal Pell Grant Program Federal Direct Loans
TRIO Cluster 84.044 84.047 84.042	TRIO – Talent Search TRIO – Upward Bound TRIO – Student Support Services
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000/\$187,500
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no

### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

There were no findings required to be reported relating to financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

### **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

### Finding 2017-001

### **Program Information**

Federal agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal program title: Student Financial Aid Cluster:

CFDA Number: 84.063 – Federal Pell Grant Program

84.268 - Federal Direct Loans

Award Period: July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance; Compliance, Other Matter

### Criteria

Federal regulation requires the College to update student enrollment status on the National Student Loan Database System (NSLDS) within 60 days of becoming aware of the change in status. Reporting should also include the effective date of when the change in status first began.

### **Condition Found and Context**

During our testing, we noted 3 out of the 28 NSLDS status changes tested that did not report the correct effective date and 2 of the 28 tested were not reported timely.

### **Effect**

The College did not report the proper effective dates to NSLDS. Some status changes were not reported timely to NSDLS. This could affect the date for which payment is due back to the government and the grace received along with the aid the student is eligible for in the future.

### **Cause**

The cause of reporting the incorrect effective dates was due to changes in enrollments for a current period overwriting previously correct reporting of the previous term enrollment. This was due to the logic used in the College's system to generate the enrollment file that is sent to the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC). The untimely reporting was due to processing through NSC for which they were reported to NSC; however by the time it was received by NSLDS, it was after the allowed 60 days.

### **Questioned Costs**

None.

### CLATSOP COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Finding 2017-001 (Continued)

### **Repeat Finding**

Yes, prior year finding 2016-002.

### Recommendation

We recommend the College revise their process for pulling data from Rogue (ERP System) script to ensure the correct information is being provided. In addition, the College should continue to monitor the reporting they have outsourced to a third party, NSC, to ensure they are performing the functions they have been assigned. Corrective action should also be taken if an error is determined to have occurred and that action be done in a timely matter to meet all reporting requirements.

### Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

The College agrees with the finding.